2002年同等学力申硕外语统考真题 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／470／2021＿2022＿2002＿E5＿B9＿ B4＿E5＿90＿8C＿c67＿470854．htm Paper One（90minutes）Part I Listening Comprehension（20minutes， 15 points）（略）Part II V ocabulary（ 15 minutes， 15 points）Section ADirections In this section there are fifteen sentences，each with one word or phreæe underlined．Choose the one from the four choicesmarked A，B，C and $D$ that best keepsthe meaning of the sentence．Then mark the corresponding letter on the A NSW ER SH EET with asingle line through the center．16．I＇d like to take thisopportunity to extend my heart－felt gratitude to the host ．A．increase B．prolongC． intensify D．express17．Chineæefarmersare mostly living asmple and thrifty life asit istoday．A．miserable B．economical C．luxurious D．sensible18．Many of the local residentsleft homesto ward off the danger of flooding．A．overcomeB．encloæe C．encounter D．avoid 19．The StateC ouncil will lay down new rulesthat aim to make management compatible with internationally accepted conventions． A．conferences B．conversationsC．practicesD．formations20． Personality in A mericansisfurther complicated by successive waves of immigration from variouscountries A ．uninterrupted B ． successul C．forceful D．overwhelming21．Without question，people ，slivesin Chinahave improved dramatically in the past two decades A．O ut of thequestion B．No doubt C．Naturally D． O bviousy22．Thedean can＇tseyou at the moment．Heis addressing the first－year studentsin the lecture hall．A．complaining
to B . arguing with C . speaking to D . consulting with 23. H e does nothing that violatesthe interests of the collective. A . runsfor B. runs against C. runsover D. runsinto24. A sa result of sophisticated technologies, thisdevice hasseveral advantagesover like products. A. traditional B. intelligent C. industriousD. advanced 25. The patient' scondition hasdeteriorated since he had aheart attack. A. improved alittle B. remained the sameC. become worse D. changed alot26. W hen taken in largequantitiessome drugscan cause permanent brain damage. A. lasting B. seriousC. terrible D. temporary27. O ne U.S. dollar iscomparable to 131 Japaneæy yen according to ChinaDaily' sfinancenewsreport yesterday. A. compatible B. compact C. equal D. entitled 28. At that time work wasrestricted to saves and to thosefew poor citizenswho couldn' t support themselves A. attributed B. limited C. connected D. devoted29. I found thisvery profitable in diminishing the intensity of narrow- minded prejudice. A. lessening B. reflecting C. removing D. increasing30. When aman knowsthat he will be put into prison if he uses a potentially deadly object to rob or do harm to another person, he will think twice about it. A. passive B. lifelong C. unhappy D. fatal Section BD irections: In thissection, there are fifteen incomplete sentences For each sentence there are four choicesmarked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completesthe sentence. Then mark the corresponding letter on the A NSW ER SH EET with a single line through the center. 31. Thisgreat project at the ThreeGorges of the Yangtze is expected to $\qquad$ twenty yearsto complete. A. spend B. consume C. need D. take32. H is effort of decadesbegan to
. He ecameto bewell-known for hisfindings. A. pay off $B$. die off $C$. put off D. break off 33 . The $\qquad$ of lung cancer is particularly high among long-term heavy smokers, especially chain smokers. A. incident B. accident C. incidence D. evidence34. N othing isso uncertain asthe fashion market where one style over another before being replaced. A. dominatesB. manipulatesC. overwhelmsD. prevails35. Mrs. Brown couldn' t shake the $\qquad$ the these kidswere in deep trouble and it wasup to her to help them. A. conversion B. conviction C . conservation D. convention36. X-raysare also called Rontgen rays $\qquad$ the discoverer who first put them to uæ. $A$. in case of $B$. in view of $C$. in place of $D$. in honor of 37 . Telecommunication developmentshave enabled people to send messages $\qquad$ television , radio and electronic mail. A. viaB. amid C. past D. across38. Technology has the sharing, storage and delivery of information , thus making more information available to more people. A. finished B. furnished $C$. functioned D. facilitated39. The philosophy classbegan with twenty studentsbut three $\qquad$ after the midterm exam. A. picked up B. turned out C. Odropped out D. kept up 40. The following account by the author $\qquad$ the differencebetween European and A merican reactions. A. illustratesB. acquiresC. demandsD. Odeletes41. An intimate and $\qquad$ knowledge of how you are doing in the customer' seyesiscritical. A. objective B. subordinateC. optional D. subsequent42. Long $\qquad$ to harmful pollutantsismost likely to lead to a decline in health. A. contact B. touch C. useD. exposure 43. The architectural differencesmay
confusion or discomfort for the foreign travelers．A．vary B． describe C．cause D．impresst4． $\qquad$ being fun and good exerciæe，swimming isavery ueful skill．A．Rather than B．A part from C．Instead of D．O wing to 45 ．Even at discounted prices，these powerful AIDSdrugsare far beyond $\qquad$ for most of theworld ＇s40 million HIV－infected people．A．reach B．control C． comprehension D．imagination课Part III Reading Comprehension （ 40 minutes， 25 points）Directions：There are five passges in this part．Each passoge isfollowed by five questionsor unfinished statements．For each of them there are four choicesmarked A ，B，C and D．Chooæ the best one and mark the corresponding letter on the ANSW ER SH EET with asingle line through the center．Passage 1 John Grisham wasborn on February 2，1955，in Jonesboro， A rkansas，in the U SA．H isfather wasa construction worker and moved hisfamily all around the southern states of A merica，stopping wherever he could find work．Eventually they settled in Missisippi． Graduating from law school in 1981，Grisham practiced law for nearly a decade in Southaven，specializing in criminal defenæ and personal injury litigation（诉讼）．In 1983，hewaselected to the state H oure of Representatives and served until 1990．O ne day at the Dessoto County courthouse，Grisham heard the horrifying testimony of a 12 year－old rape victim．H e decided to write anovel exploring what would have happened if the girl＇sfather had murdered her attackers．He proceeded to get up every morning at 5 a．m．to work on the novel，called A Time to Kill，which was published in 1988．Grisham＇snext novel，The Firm，wasone of the
biggest hits of 1991, spending 47 weekson The New York Times bestseller list. Grisham liveswith hiswife and two children, dividing their time between their V ictorian home on a67 acrefarm in Mississippi and a 204 acre plantation near Charlottesville, Virginia. When he' snot writing, Grisham devotestime to charitable causes, including mission tripswith hischurch group. A sachild hedreamt of becoming a professional baseball player, and now servesasthe local Little League commissioner. H e hasbuilt six ball fieldson his property and hostschildren from 26Little League teams.46. John Grisham is____ at present. A. awriter B. alawyer C. a professional baseball player D. a congresman 47 . What inspired Grisham to write hisfirst novel?A A case of murder. B. A caæe of rapeC.H isfather' sexperienceD. Hislife on the farm48. The story of the novel A Time to Kill would probably focuson $\qquad$ ?
A. how the girl was attacked B. the circumstances of the rape C. how the girl' sfather took revenge D. how the caæ of rape wassettled49. Which of the following isNOT true of the novel TheFirm ?A. It was popular at the time of publication B. It earned Grisham great fame. C. It brought Grisham wealth D. It wascarried by The New York Timesas aseries 50 . It can be inferred from the passege that Grisham hasbuilt ballfieldson hisproperty $\qquad$ .A. to achieve hislife ' sgoal as a professional baseball player B. to coach children in baseball C. to sehischildhood dream being realized in the children D. to provide facilities of baseball training.Passege 2A quality education isthe ultimate liberator. It can free people from poverty, giving them the power to greatly improve their livesand takea
productive place in society. It can also freecommunitiesand countries, allowing them to leap forward into periodsof wealth and social unity that otherwise would not be possible. For thisreason, the international community hascommitted itself to getting all the world schildren into primary school by 2015, acommitment known as Education for All. Can education for all be achieved by 2015?T he answer isdefinitely " yes," although it isadifficult task. If we know measure the goal in termsof children successfully completing a minimum of five yearsof primary school, instead of just enrolling for classes, which used to be the measuring stick for education, then the challenge becomeseven more difficult. O nly 32 countrieswere formerly believed to be at risk of not achieving education for all on the basis of enrollment rates. Thenumber risesto 88 if completion rates are used asthe criterion. Still, the goal isachievable with the right policiesand the right support from the international community. 59 of the 88 countries at risk can reach universal primary completion by 2015 if they bring the efficiency and quality of their education systemsinto line with standardsobserved in higher- performing systems. They also need significant increasesin external financing and technical support. The 29 countries lagging farthest behind will not reach the goal without unprecedented rates of progress. But thisisattainable with creative solution, including use of information technologies, flexible and targeted foreign aid, and fewer peopleliving in poverty. A key lesson of experience about what makesdevelopment effective isthat a country' scapacity to use aid well dependsheavily on itspolicies, institutionsand management.

Where a country scoreswell on thees criteria, foreign assistance can be highly effective.51. In the first paragraph, the author suggeststhat aquality education can $\qquad$ . A . free countries from foreign rulesB. speed up social progressC . give people freedom D. liberate peoplefrom any exploitation52 Ideally, the goal of the program of Education for All isto $\qquad$ by 2015. A. get all the world' s children to complete primary school B. enroll all the world' $s$ children into primary school C. givequality education to people of 88 countries D. support those committed to transorming their education systems53. $\qquad$ countriesare now at risk of not achieving education for all on the basisof completion rates A. 32 B. 59C. 29D. 8854. A ccording to the passage, which of the following is NOT mentioned asthe right policy?A. Raising the efficiency of education systems. B. Improving the quality of education. C. Using information technologies D. Building more primary school.55. As can be gathered from the last paragraph, foreign aid $\qquad$ . A . may not be highly effective B. isprovided only when some criteria are met C. alone makesdevelopment possible D. ismost effective for those countries lægging farthest behindPassoge 3M ost people think of lionsas strictly A frican beasts, but only becausethey' rebeen killed off almost everywhere else. Ten thousand yearsago lions spanned vast sectionsof the globe. Now lionshold only a small fraction of their former habitat, and A siatic lions, a subspeciesthat spit from African lionsperhaps100,000 yearsægo, hang on to an almost impossibly small sice of their former territory. Indiaisthe proud steward of thee 300 or so lions, which live primarily in a

560－square mile sanctuary（保护区）．It took me ayear and ahalf to get apermit to explore the entire Gir Forest－－and no time at all to see why these lionsbecame s／mbol sof royalty and greatness A tiger will hide in the forest unseen，but alion standsitsground，curious and unafraid－－－lionhearted．Though they told me in subtle ways when I got too close，Gir＇slionsallowed me uniqueglimpsesinto their livesduring my three monthsin the forest．It＇sodd to think that they are threatened by extinction．Gir has asmany lionsasit can hold－－－－too many，in fact．W ith territory in short supply，lionsmove about near the boundary of the forest and even leave it altogether， often clashing with people．That＇sone reason Indiaiscreating a second sanctuary．There are other pressing reasons outbreaks of disease or natural disasters．In 1994 a seriousdiseas killed more than athird of A frica＇sSerengeti lions－－－athousand animals－－－afate that could easily happen to Gir＇scats．These lionsare especially vulnerable to disease because they descend from asfew asadozen individuals．＂If you do aDNA test，A siatic lionsactually look like identical twins，＂saysStephen O＇Brien，ageneticist（基因学家） who hasstudied them．Yet the dangersare hidden，and you wouldn ＇t suspect them by watching theer lordsof the fores．Thelions display vitality，and no small measure of charm．Though the gentle intimacy of play vanisheswhen it＇stime to eat，mealsin Gir are not necessarily frantic affairs．For a mother and her baby lion sharing a deer，or ayoung male eating an antelope（羚羊），there＇sno need to fight for acut of the kill．The animalsthey hunt for food aregenerally smaller in Gir than those in Africa，and hunting groupstend to be
smaller aswell.56. In the first pargraph, the author tellsusthat Asiatic lions $\qquad$ . A . have killed off other lionsB. have descended from A frican lionsC. used to span vast sections of the globe D. have lost their habitat57. W hat impressed the author most when hewent to watch the lionsin the Gir Forest?A. Their friendliness B. Their size. C. Their intimacy. D. Their vitality 58. W hat doesthe sentence" ...mealsin Gir are not necessarily frantic affair" mean?A. Thelionsdo not show intimacy among them any more. B. The lionsmay not deed to fight for food. C. Food isnot readily available in that region. D. Mealscan be obtained only with great effort59. The lionsin the Gir Forest are especially vulnerable to disease because $\qquad$ . A. they have descended from adozen or so ancestorsB. they are smaller than the African lionsC. they do not have enough to eat D. they are physically weaker than the A frican lions60. O ne of the reasonswhy India iscreating asecondary sanctuary for the A siatic lionsisthat $\qquad$ A. the present sanctuary is not large enough B. scientistswant to do more research on them C. they have killed many people D. the forest isshrinking in size Passage 4A fter retirement from medical, my wife and I built our home in a gated community surrounded by yacht clubsand golf courseson Hilton H ead Isand. But when I left for the other side of the isand, I wastraveling on unpaved roadslined with leaky cottages The " lifestyle" of many of the native islandersstood in shocking contrast to my comfortable existence. By talking to the local folks, I discovered that the vast majority of the maids, gardeners, waitresses and construction workerswho make thisisand work had little or no
accessto medical care. It seemed outrageousto me. I wondered why someone didn' $t$ do something about that. Then my father' s words, which he had asked hischildren daily when they were young, rang in my head again: " What did you do for someone today?' Even though my father had died several yearsbefore, I guessl still didn' t want to disappoint him. So I started working on a solution. The isand wasfull of retired doctors. If I could persuade them to spend afew hoursaweek volunteering their services, we could provide free primary health care to those so desperately in need of it. Most of the doctorsl approached liked the idea, so long asthey could be relicensed without troubles It took oneyear and plenty of persistence, but I was able to persuade the state legisatorsto create a special licensefor doctorsvoluntering in not-for-profit clinics. The town donated land, local residentscontributed office and medical equipment and some of the potential patientsvolunteered their weekendsornamenting the building that would become the clinic. W e named it volunteersin Medicine and we opened itsdoorsin 1994, fully staffed by retired physicians, nursesand dentistsaswell as nearly 150 nonprofessional volunteers. That year we had 5,000 patient visits last year we had 16,00 . Somehow word of what we were doing got around. Soon we were receiving phone callsfrom retired physiciansall over the country, asking for help in starting VIM clinicsin their communities. W edid the best we could----there are now 15 other clinicsoperating----but we couldn' t keep up with the need. Yet last month I think my father' swordsfound their way up north, to McN eil C onsumer H ealthcare, the maker of Tylenol (

泰诺：一种感冒药）．A major grant from McNeil will allow usto respond to these requestsand help establish other frec clinicsin communitiesaround the country．61．W hat isthe passage mainly about？A．The contrast between the rich and the poor on an island． B．The story of a man who likesto give othersadvice．C．The life and work of agreat father．D．The inspiration of afather＇swords62．The author of the passage is $\qquad$ ．A ．a retired physician B．a retired teacher C．a retired medical researcher D．a retired construction worker63．The purpos of V olunteersin Medicine isto $\qquad$ ．
A．help retired medical workersimprove their incomesB．provide free medical servicesto those who need them C．urge the government to set up non－profit clinicsD．make the dream of the author＇sfather cometrue64．W hich of the following hasbeen done by the author himself？A．Buying the medical equipment B．Finding the land and the office．C．Decorating the building that would becometheclinic．D．Getting a special license for the retired doctors65．In the last paragraph，＂I think my father＇swordsfound their way up north to McN eil＂impliesthat $\qquad$ ．A．my father ，swordsfinally reached McN eil B．McNeil decided to do something for the needy peopleC．My father decided to assist usin opening moreclinicsin the north D．McNeil community wasbadly in need of free health care programsPassage 5Even beforeH istorian Joseph Ellisbecame abest－selling author，hewasfamousfor hisvivid lectures．In hispopular coursesat Mount H olyokeC ollege in Massachusetts，hewould often make classroom discussion lively by describing hisown combat experience in V ietnam．But asEllis＇s
reputation grew－hisbookson the Founding Fathershave won both the prestigiousN ational Book A ward and the Pulitzer Prize the history professor began to entertain local and national reporterswith hismemories of war．Last year，after The Boston Globe carried accountsof Ellis＇sexperience in theV ietnam war，someone who knew the truth about EllisOdropped adime（揭发）．Last week The Boston G lobe revealed that Ellis，famousfor explaining the nation＇s history，had some explaining to do about hisown past．＂Even in the best of lives，mistakesaremade，＂said awretched Ellis．It turned out that while the distinguished historian had served in the A rmy，he ，d spent hiswar yearsnot in thejungles of Southeast A sia，but teaching history at W est Point（西点军校）．He＇d also overstated hisrole in the antiwar movement and even hishigh－school athletic records．H isadmission shocked colleagues，fellow historiansand studentswho wondered why someone so accomplished would beautify his past．But it seemsthat successand truthfulnessdon＇t alwaysgo hand in hand．Even among the distinguished achievers， security expertssay，one in ten isdeceivingindulging in everything from empty boasting to more seriousoffensessuch asplagiarism（剽窃），fictionalizing military records，making up false academic certificatesor wors．A nd，oddly，prominent people who beautify the past often do so once they＇refamous，saysErnest Brod of Kroll Associates，which hasconducted thousandsof background checks． SaysBrod：＂It＇snot likethey uæe these liesto climb the ladder．＂ Then what makesthem do it？Psychologistssay some people succeed，at least in part，becauæ they are uniquely adjusted to the
expectations of others. A nd no matter how well-known, those people can be haunted by asenæ of their own shortcomings " From outside, these people look anything but fragile," says DennisShulman, aNew York psychoanalyst. " But inside, they feel hollow, empty." 66. Which of the following istrue about Ellis?A. He isafamousprofessor of history at W est Point. B. H isbook on the V ietnam war haswon two important prizes C . He hastold both studentsand reportersabout hisown experience of war. D. He has written abest-seller for a newspaper The Boston Globe67. W hile Ellis served in the Army , he. A. combated in V ietnam B. taught at a military school C. exaggerated hispart as ahistorian D. made mistakes in the antiwar movement68. W hat did Ellislie about?A. His war experience in V ietnam. B. Hisathletic recordsin high school. C. Hisrole in the antiwar movement. D. All of the above.69. W hat does " to climb the ladder" in the second pararaph mean?A. To become moresuccesful. B. To inquire into one' sbackground.C. To cover one' sserious offenses D. To go further in beautifying one' spast.70. A ccording to psychologists, succesful people who lie about themselves. A . take pride in their weaknessesB. feel weak in their heartsC. think nothing of othersD. look weak to othersPart IV Cloze(15 minutes, 10 points) Directions In thispart, there isa passoge with twenty blanks. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the best answer for each blank and mark the corresponding letter on your AN SW ER SH EET with a single linethrough the center. With 950 million people, Indiaranks second to China among the most populouscountries But since

China 71 afamily planning program in 1971，India hasbeen closing the 72．Indianshave reduced their birth rate but not nearly 73the Chinese have．If current growth ratescontinue，India＇spopulation will 74China＇saround theyear 202875 about 1.7 billion．Should that happen，it won＇tbe the 76 of theenlightened women of Kerala， a state in southern India． 77 India asa whole addsalmost 20 million people ayear，Kerala＇spopulation isvirtually 78．The reason isNo mystery：nearly two－thirdsof Keralawomen practicebirth control， 79 about 40\％in theentire nation．The difference 80 theemphasis put on health programs， 81 birth control，by the state authorities， 82 in 1957 became India＇sfirst elected Communist 83 ．A nd an educational tradition and matrilineal（母系的）customsin partsof Kerala help girlsand boysget 84good schooling．W hile one in thre Indian women is $85,90 \%$ of thoæe in Keralacan read and write．H igher literacy rates 86 Family planning．＂U nlike our Parents， we know that we can do morefor our children if we have 87 of them， ＂saysLailaCherian，33，who livesin theV illage of Kudamaloor． She hasLimited herself 88three childrenonebelow the national 89 of four．That kind of restraint（抑制；克制）will keep Keralafrom putting added 90 on world food supplies．71 A ．discovered B． circulated C．launched D．transmitted72．A ．gap B．top C．bit D． bet73．A．asmany asB．aswell asC．assoon asD．asmuch as 74．A． shakeB．passC．rocket D．impress75．A．on B．in C．at D．for76．A ． force B．fight C．falsD．fault77．A．W hileB．SinceC．BecauseD． Suppose78．A ．reliable B．stableC ．countableD．flexible79．A ． benefited from B．involved with C．compared with D．resulted
from80．A ．lies in B．showsoff C．resultsin D．departsfrom81．A． reviving B．including C．practicing D．containing82．A．that B．since C．what D．which83．A．group B．allianceC．government D．
bureau84．A ．equally B．officially C．sharply D．proudly85．A ．cultural B．literate C ．native D．responsible86．A．foster B．hamper C．reform D．advocate87．A lessB．moreC．fewer D．better88．A．in B．at C．as D．to 89．A ．statisticsB．averəge C ．tendency D．category90．A． increase B．challenge C．pressure D．complaint Paper Two 试卷二 （ 60 minutes）Part I Error Detection and Correction（10minutes， 10 points）Directions Each of the following sentenceshasfour underlined partsmarked A，B，C and D．Identify the part of the sentence that isincorrect．Then，write down the corresponding letter and，without altering the meaning of the sentence，put the correction on the ANSW ER SHEET．1 Thenew technology hasmade possble for the doctor to make diagnoseswithout reing the kaoyantjA B C patient in person．D2．Customersare asked to ensure that they havegiven correct change before leaving the shop as共济网A B Cmistakescannot be afterwardsremedied．同济D3．Thisreeearch program isfinanced by two funds，the largest of which could last for two years A BC D4．The fact which agood teacher hassome of the giftsof agood actor doesnot mean that he will A BC indeed be able to act well on the stage．D5．There isfew evidence that children in language classoomslearn foreign languagesany better A BCthan adultsin similar classoom situations．D6．A lthough fitnesswill not guarantee that you will live longer，it can help you enjoying the years同济西苑 A BCyou do live．D7．W hile schoolsdeveloping online
curriculatry to strike abalance between profitsand prestige，A
Bmany educatorsare confusing about their role in thisdigital world． C D8．Hewascaught cheating in the examination．If he had had a tail，hewould put it between hisA BC D辅导legs．9．W hen he speaks at banquets，he makes a point of going into the kitchen and to shake handsA BC with every waiter and waitress．D10．O ther guestsat yesterday＇sopening，which wasbroadcast alive by the radio station， included A BC Dthe princessand her husband．Part II Transation （20 minutes， 10 points）Directions Transate the following passage into English．W riteyour transation on theA NSW ER SHEET．在过去20年中，世界上没有任何一个国家的外贸发展速度像中国那么快。日本用了 20 多年时间才将其外贸总额翻了一番，而中国却翻了两番。中国现在已是全球第三大电器生产国，并且正在成为全球电器市场上的主角。中国还是世界上劳动密集型（labor－intensive）产品的主要生产国。Part III W riting（30 minutes， 15 points）Directions In thispart，you are allowed 30 minutesto write acomposition of no lessthan 150 wordson $T$ he Increase in the N umber of Chinese T raveling A broad．Study the following chart carefully and baseyour composition on the information given in the chart．100T est 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www．100test．com

