英国牛津大学英文导游词 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建 议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/48/2021_2022__E8_8B_B1_E 5_9B_BD_E7_89_9B_E6_c34_48145.htm Oxford is a unique and historic institution. As the oldest English-speaking university in the world, it lays claim to eight centuries of continuous existence. There is no clear date of foundation, but teaching existed at Oxford in some form in 1096 and developed rapidly from 1167, when Henry II banned English students from attending the University of Paris. In 1188, the historian, Gerald of Wales, gave a public reading to the assembled Oxford dons and in 1190 the arrival of Emo of Friesland, the first known overseas student, initiated the Universitys tradition of international scholarship. By 1201, the University was headed by a magister scolarum Oxonie, on whom the title of Chancellor was conferred in 1214, and in 1231 the masters were recognized as a uniuersitas or corporation. In the 13th century, rioting between town and gown (students and townspeople) hastened the establishment of primitive halls of residence. These were succeeded by the first of xfords colleges or endowed houses whose architectural splendour, together with the Universitys libraries and museums, give the city its unique character. University, Balliol and Merton Colleges, established between 1249 and 1264, were the oldest. Less than a century later, Oxford had achieved eminence above every other seat of learning, and won the praises of popes, kings and sages by virtue of its antiquity, curriculum, doctrine and privileges. In 1355, Edward III paid tribute to the University for its invaluable contribution to

learning. he also commented on the services rendered to the state by distinguished Oxford graduates. [1] [2] [下一页] 100Test 下载频道 开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com