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关系代词常在从句中担任主语、宾语或表语等成分；关系副词常在从句中担任状语。另外，在使用上面的这些关系词时，有几个问题值得我们注意：首先，只能用whether而不能用if的情况 1) 引导主语从句，例如：
Whether we ' ll make a loan for the project has not been decided . (正确) 我们是否要为这个项目还没有定下来。 OR : It has not been decided whether we ' ll make a loan for the project . (正确) If we ' ll make a loan for the project has not been decided . (错误) OR : It has not been decided if we ' ll make a loan for the project . (错误) 2) 作介词的宾语，例如： I have no idea about whether I can raise the money for buying a car . (正确) 我不知道我是否能为买车筹措到资金。 I have no idea about if I can raise the money for buying a car . (错误) 3) 后接不定式，例如： He didn ' t know whether to go all himself first or wait for her here. (正确) 他不知道是他自己先去还是在这儿等她。 He didn ' t know if to go all himself or wait for her here . (错误) (4) 后接or not ，例如： We wonder whether they ' ll come in time or not. (正确) 我们担心他们会不会准时到。 We wonder if they ' ll come in time or not . (错误) 其次， what引导的名词从句表达的意思是".....所.....的".这个"所怎么的"定义根据"从句谓语的动作意义"而定。例如： I don ' t understand what you said.我不理解你所说的话。 What he needs is to practice more.他所需要的是勤于练习。 Money is what she is really after.

金钱是她所真正追求的东西。 People have different ideas about what happiness means . 人们对于幸福的含义有不同见解。 最后，要了解 -ever = no matter ，用于表示强调，意为"无论....."。 也就是说： whatever = no matter what (无论什么) whoever = no matter who (无论谁) whichever = no matter which (无论那个) whenever =no matter when (无论何时) wherever = no matter where (无论何地) however = no matter how (无论怎样) A 主语从句 用作主语的主谓结构称之为主语从句。 例如： Whether he ' ll come or not remains a question . 他是否会来依然是一个问题。 Whoever says that is not allowed . 无论谁这样说都是不允许的。 That she reads English aloud every morning helps her a lot in the improvement of her English study . 她每天早晨朗读英文对提高她的英语学习起了很大的作用。 >>点击下载2008年成人高考专升本英语考前辅导九 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。 详细请访问 www.100test.com