

英语口语大赢家Topic16:城市变迁 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/496/2021_2022__E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_E5_8F_A3_E8_c96_496081.htm 这些年北京的变化

特别大，这不，10年前曾经来过北京的泰瑞，现在故地重游，却找不到原来的烤鸭店！一起来看看吧。 Listen Read Learn

Terry: Excuse me. Where is Q-Duck? I remember it was around the second intersection of this street. Benjamin: Q-Duck? Do you mean

the famous roast-duck store? Terry: Yes, definitely. Benjamin: They have moved to some other places long time ago. Terry: Wow, this

place is quite different from ten years ago when I first came to

China. Benjamin: Yeah, a lot of changes have happened here. Terry:

This street used to have few stores. But now, you can see

supermarkets, shopping malls and department stores

everywhere. Benjamin: Yeah, they are my wives heaven, but not mine.

I always get lost in the supermarket. Terry: Me too! I was lost three

times ten years ago. There were no English directions then. Benjamin:

Is that better now? Terry: Yeah, there are many English signs, and

wrong spellings as many as them. Benjamin: Maybe you should help

deal with this problem. Terry: Sure, if there is a good pay. Just

kidding. 听看学泰瑞：对不起，请问Q-DUCK在哪儿？我记得

它就在这条街第二个十字路口。本杰明：Q-DUCK？你指那

家著名的烤鸭店吗？泰瑞：是啊，就是那家。本杰明：他们

很早以前就搬到别的地方去了。泰瑞：哦，这地方跟我10年

前来中国时可大不一样了。本杰明：是啊，这儿变化很大。

泰瑞：以前这儿几乎没有什么店铺。但是现在，你到处都能

看到超市、购物广场和百货商店。本杰明：是啊，它们是我太太的天堂，可是不是我的。我总在超市里走丢。泰瑞：我也是耶！我10年前来时丢了三次。那时可没有英语指路牌。本杰明：现在应该好点了吧？泰瑞：是啊，很多英语标识，还有几乎差不多的拼写错误。本杰明：或许你可以帮忙解决这个问题。泰瑞：如果报酬合理的话，我当然愿意啊。只是开玩笑而已。经典背诵 Recitation Terry: Beijing has changed a lot.

It is quite different from what it was ten years ago. There are supermarkets, shopping malls and department stores everywhere.

The public transportation is also better than before. Beijing is becoming more and more beautiful!

生词小结 roast adj. 烘烤的 duck n. 鸭 definite adj. 确定的 store n. 商店 heaven n. 天堂

spelling n. 拼写 Grammer 语法小结 序数词 1. 序数词 (1) 第一、第二、第三 first (1st) 第一 second (2nd) 第二 third (3rd) 第三

(2) 第四 fourth (4th) 第四 fifth (5th) 第五 sixth (6th) 第六 seventh (7th) 第七 eighth (8th) 第八 ninth (9th) 第九 tenth (10th) 第十

eleventh (11th) 第十一 twelfth (12th) 第十二 thirteenth (13th) 第十三 fourteenth (14th) 第十四 eighteenth (18th) 第十八

nineteenth (19th) 第十九 这16个序数词均在相应的基数词后面加上后缀 -th 构成。要注意其中 fifth、eighth、ninth、twelfth 四个词的拼法。

(3) 十的整数倍序数词 twentieth (20th) 第二十 thirtieth (30th) 第三十 fortieth (40th) 第四十 fiftieth (50th) 第五十

sixtieth (60th) 第六十 seventieth (70th) 第七十 eightieth (80th) 第八十 ninetieth (90th) 第九十 这一组序数词先将相应的十位整数的基数词词尾 -th 中的 y 改成 i, 然后再加上后缀 -eth.

(4) 表示“第几十几”的序数词 thirty-first (31st) 第三十一

sixty-second(62nd) 第六十二 eighty-seventh(87th) 第八十七
ninety-eighth(98th) 第九十八这类表示“第几十几”的序数词，跟表示“几十几”的基数词一样在构成方法上均由基数词“几十几”变化而来，十位数不变，仅把个位上的基数词变成序数词就行了。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com