

专八辅导人文知识冲刺（七）PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/499/2021_2022__E4_B8_93_E5_85_AB_E8_BE_85_E5_c94_499737.htm 练习题：1 How many members are there in the House of Commons? A 650 B 524 C 72 D 651 2 Which of the following people didn't use to be the British Prime Minister? A Margaret Thatcher B Winston Churchill C Horatio Nelson D John Major 3 By tradition, the leader of the majority party is appointed _____ by the Sovereign in the United Kingdom. A Prime Minister B Member of Parliament C Lord of appeal D Speaker of the House 4 The Tories were the forerunners of _____, which still bears this nickname today. A the Labour Party B the Conservative Party C the Liberal Party D the Social Democratic Party 5 In the United Kingdom, the party which wins the _____ number of seats in the House of Commons becomes the official Opposition. A largest B second largest C third largest D fourth largest 6 The term "British disease" is now often used to characterize Britain's _____ decline. A political B educational C military D economic 7 The 1980s was remembered as the decade of _____. A globalization B nationalization C privatization D competition 8 Today, in Britain, _____ is called a "sick" industry. A coal mining B iron and steel C textiles D shipbuilding 9 The first steam engine was devised by Thomas Newcomer at the end of the 17th century, and the Scottish inventor _____ modified and improved the design in 1765. A Abraham Darby B James Watt C John Kay D Richard Arkwright 10 _____ created the industrial working class,

the proletariat, and it later led to trade unionism. A The Chartist Movement B The Industrial Revolution C The French Revolution D The Glorious Revolution

练习题答案及题解: 1 D, 下议院共有651名议员。 2 C, 撒切尔夫人, 丘吉尔和梅杰都曾经做过英国首相; 而纳尔逊(1758-1805), 英国海军统帅, 因作战负伤, 右眼失明, 失去右臂。后任地中海舰队司令, 在特法尔加角海战中打败西班牙联合舰队, 本人受重伤阵亡, 号称 Viscount Nelson。 3 A, 在英国, 按照传统, 多数党的领导人由君主任命为首相, 首相从本党内部挑选一些领导人担任各部部长职位。 4 B, 托利党是英国保守党的前身。 5 B, 在英国, 在下议院中赢得第二席位的政党为反对党, 它也有它自己的领导和影子内阁(shadow cabinet)。 6 D, 现在“英国病”这一术语经常用来指英国经济上的衰退。 7 C, 正如20世纪40年代被看作是国有化的时代一样, 20世纪80年代被看作是私有化的时代。包括英国石油、航空、钢铁、电讯在内的几乎40%的国有公司实现了私有化。 8 A, 英国煤矿业被称为生病工业。英国的煤产量在一战前达到顶点, 如今的英国的煤矿业衰退, 从而导致矿工的数量、煤矿的总产量大大下降。 9 B, 第一台蒸汽机是 Thomas Newcomer 在17世纪末设计的, 后来苏格兰发明家瓦特在1765年对原有的设计进行了改进提高, 生产出了第一台高效的蒸汽机并应用到纺织和其他机械业中。 10 B, 工业革命产生了工人阶级, 即无产阶级。后来形成了工会制度。

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