

PETS3口试：注意升降调 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议
阅读原文

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F_A3_E8_AF_c88_502772.htm 语调 语调是指说话时声调的高低变化。英语中最主要的两种语调就是降调和升调。降调用
于肯定的语句、命令以及特殊疑问句，具有一种完整和结论
性的口气。(1)一般陈述句。例如：This book is a novel . She
doesn ' t like it at all . (2)特殊疑问句。例如：Where did you
go? What ' S wrong with you? (3)表示命令的祈使句。例如：Be
on time . Don ' t go out of the door! (4)感叹句。例如：What a
nice day! HOW beautiful it is! (5)反意疑问句。前面陈述句的内
容是明显的事实，后面的问句只是表示客气，以引起别人的
注意，或者说话者觉得自己的话是对的，期望得到别人的同
意。例如：It ' S a nice day , isn ' t it? You came this morning
, didn ' t you? 升调用于一
般疑问句和一切表示怀疑的语句，
具有一种非完整性的口气。(1)一般疑问句。例如：Do you
like sports? Haven ' t you done that before? (2)表示请求的祈使句
。例如：Have some tea , please . Don ' t come back too late .
(3)带有不肯定、抱歉等意思的陈述句。例如：Maybe you ' d
like some tea . 考考你：朗读下面所列的两组句子，注意升降
调的把握。你也可以以这些句子为基础进行替换练习。 1.
After the game we had some tea. 2. Give me your paper. 3. What did
you do last night? 4. Tomorrow is Monday, isn ' t it? 5. What a
lovely girl! 6. Did you see me leave the office? 7. Don ' t tell mom,
please. 8. You might like some chocolate. 100Test 下载频道开通，
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