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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/505/2021_2022__E6_89_98_E 7_A6_8F_E5_BA_94_E8_c81_505254.htm 应试类写作,时间一 般都比较紧张,时间再紧,也要留出两三分钟的时间把文章 通读一遍,进行必要的修改。不要说我们初学写作的人,就 是大作家写完一个章节或一部小说后都要反复读上几遍。在 限时、紧张的写作中,出现错误,尤其是语言上的错误是不 可避免的。如果把这些错误留在那里,不得到改正,就会影 响整篇文章的质量。阅卷人虽然不大会按你文章中语言错误 的累计数目进行扣分,但错误,尤其是一些幼稚的错误,会 给阅卷人员留下不好的印象,从而影响文章的分数。那么修 改应注意哪些方面呢?从结构方面来说:(1)看一看中心思 想是不是突出?文章中有论述和材料是否都围绕着这个中心 思想展开?如发现个别句子或例子游离于中心思想之外,甚 至与中心思想发生冲突,就应把它从文章中去掉。(2)看一 看段与段之间,句与句之间是否连贯?衔接是否自然,或给 人一种断裂、跳跃的感觉?如发现这种情况,就要加一个句 子或一些词,或改变一下说法,以求文章的连贯。但就修改 来说,是主要还是放在语言上,即语法和词汇上。以下各例 中,a)表示错误的或不宜提倡的句子,b)表示正确的或值 得模仿的句子。 1. 动词谓语的时态是否有错 例 1 a) We college students had enough time to take a parttime job, no matter how busy we were ... b) We college students have enough time to take a parttime job, no matter how busy we are ... 命题作文一般都 是议论文,而写议论文一般都是用现在时态。只有举例,提

到过去的事才会用到过去时。 例 2 a) Riding bicycles had more advantages than taking a bus. b) Riding bicycles had more advantages than taking a bus. 考生中用过去时写作与他们教材课 文体裁(大多为叙述文、说明文)和平时写作练习(大多写 个人经历的故事)有关,也与他们过度概括有关,认为所有 文章都用过去时。 例 3 a) There are so many countries using English that it had been regarded as an international language. b) There are so many countries using English that it has been regarded as an international language. 在论述同一事情,即发生在同一时 间里的事时,前后半句或相邻的几句在时态上要保持一致。 2. 主语和谓语,名词和代词,以及人称是否保持一致例4a) The eating habit of Chinese people have changed in the past decade. b) The eating habit of Chinese people has changed in the past decade. 不管主语和谓语隔开多远,主语当中还有修饰成分, 谓语要和真正的主语在数上保持一致。 例 5 a) Now fruits and vegetables can be seen everywhere when it is in season. b) Now fruits and vegetables can be seen everywhere when they are in season. 例 6 a) I feel proud to come to our university. b) I feel proud to come to this university our和主语 I不一致,或把 our改成 my,或改成 this。而这里用 this 较妥。 3. 修饰语是否放在正确的位置上 例 7 a) Without television, people cant get information which comes from other parts of the world immediately. b) Without television, people cant immediately get information which comes from other parts of the world. a) 句子, immediately 显然放错了位置。是" 得到迅速从各地传来的消息",还是"迅速得到从各地传来 的消息"?意思含糊不清。例8a) At the age of six, my father

began to give me English lessons. b) When I was five years old, my father began to give me English lessons. a) 句子, At the age of six 放在这个位置上,变成了"我父亲六岁的时候"。改变说法,可以解决这个问题。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com