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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/527/2021_2022__E6_88_90_E8_80_83_E4_B8_93_E5_c66_527004.htm 二、副词在句子中的作用

副词在句子中主要作状语，可以修饰动词、形容词、副词，有时修饰整个句子。 Unfortunately, he wasnt at home when I

came. (修饰整个句子) Luckily, she wasnt injured in the

accident. (修饰整个句子) Her pronunciation is very good. (修

饰形容词) I have been extremely busy these days. (修饰形容词

) I can hardly agree with you. (修饰动词) He works terribly

(quite) hard. (修饰副词) 三、形容词和副词比较级和最高

级的构成 1.单音节词和少数双音节词(如以y结尾的)在词尾

加-er, -est. 如: small, smaller, smallest; great, greater, greatest; clever, cleverer, cleverest; quiet, quieter, quietest

; common, commoner, commonest; narrow, narrower, narrowest.

2、以e结尾的词加-r, -st. 如: larger, larger, largest; simple, simpler, simplest; polite, politer, politest; brave, braver, bravest; fine, finer, finest.

3、以"辅音字母y"结尾的词，变y为i再加-er, -est. 如: busy

, busier, busiest; heavy, heavier, heaviest; happy, happier, happiest.

4、以一个辅音字母结尾的词，双写该辅音字母，再加-er, -est. (一个辅音字母结尾;重读闭音节) 如: big

, bigger, biggest; thin, thinner, thinnest; hot, hotter, hottest.

双音节词，多音节词比较级和最高级在词前加more, most. 如: difficult, more difficult, most difficult, interesting, more interesting, most interesting; useful, more useful, most

useful. 特殊的比较级和最高级百考试题编辑整理 100Test 下载
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