

语法练习非谓语动词专项练习(二)会计硕士考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/530/2021_2022__E8_AF_AD_E6_B3_95_E7_BB_83_E4_c74_530373.htm 1.The meeting

_____ next week is sure to be a great success. A . to take place B . to be taken place C . to have taken place D . being taken place

2._____ by the Comrade Lei Feng, we try our best to do good deeds. A . Inspired B . Being inspired C . To be inspired D

. Inspiring 3.Its no good _____ here . Lets go home. A . to wait B . waited C . waiting D . being waited 4.I listened to the wind,

_____ that he would not come tonight. A . thinking B . to think C . thought D . being thinking 5.As a result of my laziness, I failed

_____ my work in time. A . and finished B . to finish C . and finishing D . to finished 6.I am sorry _____ written you a letter at

the time. A . to have not B . to not have C . not to have D . not having 7.Tom apologized to me _____ again. A . to be late B . of

being late C . to have been late D . for being late 8.I remained _____ long after I had been told the story. A . puzzling B

. puzzled C . being puzzled D . to be puzzled 9.Will you lend him a magazine _____? A . to be read B . for reading C . to read D

. he read 10.The article _____ on this subject was written by Mr . Black. A . referring B . referred C . referring to D . referred

to 11.Living near the sea, _____. A . we enjoy healthy air and beautiful sight B . healthy air and beautiful sight is

what we enjoy C . it is healthy air and beautiful sight we enjoy D . so we enjoy healthy air and beautiful sight 12._____ since

the night before, I felt very hungry. A . Having not eaten anything B . Not eating anything C . I hadnt eaten anything D . Not having eaten anything 13.We then listened to the child _____ the article _____ on the blackboard. A . read, writing B . reading, writing C . to read, written D . read, written 14. _____ it with me and Ill see what I can do. A . When left B . Leaving C . If you leave D . Leave 15. _____ such a chance, why dont you have a try? A . To give B . Having C . Given D . Giving 16.We discussed the plan that we would like to see _____ the next week. A . carry on B . carrying out C . carried out D . to carry out 17. _____ made them much disappointed. A . His not coming back B . Not his coming back C . He not to come back D . Not he come back 18.Five people were reported _____ in the accident. A . to be killed B . to kill C . killed D . to have been killed 19.I flew to Paris this morning, my assistant _____ me there this Friday. A . joining B . to join C . will join D . wants to join 20.He tried to calm himself, _____. A . force B . to force C . forcing D . forced 21. _____, I went to the park with my uncle. A . As holiday B . Being no classes C . Since have no classes D . It being a holiday 22 . "Do you mind _____?" "Go ahead." A . opening the door B . your opening the door C . my opening the door D . I opening the door 23 . I have one or two things _____. A . to look B . to see C . to see to D . to look to 24. _____ is bad for his health. A . Mike smoking B . Mikes smoking C . Mikes being smoking D . Mike smokes 25.I came into the classroom, _____ my seat and sat down to read. A . finding B

. to find C . found D . founded 26. I am tired and I don't feel like _____ any further. A . to walk B . to be walking C . walking D . walk 27. She did nothing but _____ walk in the street. A . taking B . take C . to take D . took 28. It is a problem that doesn't need _____ right now. A . to solve B . solving C . being solved D . to be solving 29. I _____ my handbag stolen last week. A . had B . let C . lost D . left 30. _____ by a crowd of people, I felt nervous, _____ what to say. A . Watching, didn't know B . Having watched, and not knew C . Having been watch, not known D . Being watched, not knowing

答案与提示：一、单项练习1.A 通过"next week"得知会议是在下周举行，用不定式作定语表示将来的动作，take place没有被动形式。2.A 题意为：由于受到雷锋同志精神的鼓舞我们竭尽全力做好事。不定式作状语时常表示目的和结果，故C项不对。过去分词作状语时表被动和完成。B项表示正在进行的动作。3.C It is no good doing sth. 这个结构中，doing是个动名词，用作主语。句意为：在这里等着也没用，咱们还是回家吧。4.A 分词作伴随状语。如填C, 前面应有and。不定式表目的或结果，句子意思不通。D 为不正确的表达。5.B fail to do sth. 固定短语，"没有能够..."。A项句子意义不通，D项表达不对。6.C 不定式的完成式的否定式做原因状语，否定词not必须在不定式之前。7.D apologize to sb. for sth./doing sth. 为常见搭配。8.B puzzled 表主语感到迷惑不解的，puzzling 表令人迷惑不解的，being puzzled强调正在进行的被动动作，to be puzzled表在主句谓语之后发生。9.C 不定式作定语，to read 的逻辑主语是间接宾语him。10.D 过去分词作后置定语，意为"被提到的..."。11.A

living near the sea 分词短语作原因状语，其动作必须由主语来做。12.D 现在分词完成式的否定式做原因状语，否定须在短语之前。13.D listen to 意为"听某人做某事"与hear用法相同，其后可以用不带to的不定式，也可以用动名词。written on the blackboard 为过去分词作定语，修饰the article。14.D 祈使句and 陈述句是一个固定句型，在这个句型当中，前面的祈使句表示一个肯定的条件。15.C Given过去分词作状语，表示原因，相当于since you are given。16.C that 引导定语从句修饰plan。carried out 过去分词短语在定语从句中作宾语补足语。17.A 考查动名词的否定形式，not应紧挨着doing。18.D sb. be reported to do sth. 表"据报道..."，因此空白处应填不定式。不定式一般式表将要发生的动作或将出现的状态，完成式表已完成的动作或状态。句意为：据报道事故中已有五人死亡。19.B to join me 有自己的逻辑主语，成为句子的独立主格结构，表将要做的动作。A表进行的动作，C、D使句子的后半部分成为从句，但缺少连词。20.C forcing现在分词作伴随状语，表陪衬性的次要动作。填A、D句中结构不对，填B句子意义不通。21.D 独立主格作全句的原因状语。A虽可作状语，但本句中意义不通，C为错误表达方式，B是分词短语，但其动作不是主句主语做的。22.C "Do you mind ...?" 后常有if引导的从句或动名词短语。根据"Go ahead."可知"开门"动作是"我"发出的。A、B的逻辑主语有问题。D动名词复合式，代词不应为主格。23.C to see to = to take care of 为不定式做定语。A、B均缺少介词，不定式和被修饰词things建立不起来动宾关系，填D项句子语法结构错误。24.B 动名词的复合式作主语时需用所有格形式。D为名词性从句但缺少引导词。25.C 一

句话中有三个连续谓语动作，都用过去时，中间不应有伴随分词或不定式状语无故出现。26.C feel like 表示"想要"，其后应接动名词。27.B 当but前面有实义动词do的任何形式时，后面用不带to 的不定式，否则就要用带to的不定式。28.B need 实义动词，后面的动作表被动时，应用动名词的主动式或不定式的被动式。29.A have 名词（或代词）过去分词可表示某种遭遇。Let后面的宾语不接过去分词。D项表示"听凭某种状况而走开不管"，与题意不符。30.D Being watched ...表示原因或时间，"正在被观看"，是进行时的被动语态。Not knowing 表示伴随动作。C项的后部分的分词短语表示被动，也不对。100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com