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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/544/2021_2022__E4_B8_AD_E8_80_83_E8_8B_B1_E8_c64_544503.htm

1. all along 一直，在整个期间。如：I thought all along that he would win. 我一直认为他会赢。 We know all along that he is going to make it. 我们始终认为他是会成功的。

2. all over 到处，各处，全身。如：We looked all over for the watch. 我们到处找过那块表。 She was like her mother all over. 她处处像她妈妈。 I was aching all over after the match. 比赛后我全身都痛。 He painted the wall green all over. 他把墙全漆成绿色。

3. in all (1) 一共，合计。如：There are 100 people in all. 一共有100人。 That ' s \$15 in all. 一共15美元。(2) 总之，简言之。如(from www.zkenglish.com)：In all, the book is worth reading. 总之，这本书值得一读。

4. at all (1) 用于否定句，意为：根本不、一点也不。如：It wasn ' t difficult at all. 这一点也不难。 There was nothing to eat at all. 根本没什么可吃的。 注：在否定句中，at all 可位于句末，也可跟在否定词后。如：He isn ' t tired at all. / He ' s not at all tired. 他一点也不累。 另外，在口语中单独说 not at all, 可用来回答感谢或道歉。如：A：Thank you very much. 多谢你了。 B：Not at all. 不客气。 A：I ' m sorry to keep you waiting. 对不起，让你久等了。 B：Oh, not at all. 噢，没关系(from www.zkenglish.com)。

(2) 用于疑问句，意为：到底、究竟、难道不。如：Are you at all worried about it? 你难道对此不担心吗? Have you read any of the report at all? 那份报告你到底有没有读一点? (3) 用于条件句(用来加强if的语气)，意为：假若、既然、即使、反正。如：If

you do it at all, do it well. 既然要做，就把它做好。(4) 用于肯定句(较少见)，意为：不管怎样、竟然。如：I was surprised at his coming at all. 我很奇怪，他竟然来了。更多中考信息请访问：考.试.大中考网 考.试.大中考论坛 考.试.大中考网校 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com