2009年成考专升本英语综合练习题二成人高考 PDF转换可能 丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/544/2021_2022_2009_E5_B9_ B4_E6_88_90_c66_544292.htm The above list covers the mother tongues of only half the village. One-third of the people in the village are children, and only 60 are over the age of 65. Just under half of the married women in the village have access to modem equipments. This year 28 babies will be bom. Ten people will die, 3 of them for lack of food, 1 from cancer. Two of the deaths will be of babies bom within the year. With the 28 births and 10 deaths, the population of the village next year will be 1, 018. In this village of 1 , 000 persons, 200 people receive 75 percent of the income; another 200 receive only 2 percent of the income. About one-third have access to clean, safe drinking water. Of the 670 adults in the village, half can not read nor write. The village has a total yearly budget (预算) , public and private , of over \$3 million-\$3 , 000 per person if it is distributed evenly. Of the total \$3 million: \$ 181,000 goes to weapons and warfare \$ 159,000 to education \$ 132, 000 to health care These weapons are under the control of just 100 of the people. The other 900 are watching them with deep anxiety, wondering whether they can learn to get along together.

() 45. Which of the following is true about Mandarin according to the text? A. Nearly one-third of Asian people speak Mandarin in the village. B. About 8.25 per cent of the people speak Mandarin in the village. C. About 16. 5 per cent of the people speak Mandarin in the village. D. Nearly all the Mandarin-speaking people are from

Asia in the village. () 46. Which of the following problems is NOT
mentioned in the text? A. Poverty. B. Education. C. Environment.
D. Marriage. () 47. The underlined part "have access to " (in
Para. 4) means A. use B. buy C. produce D. try () 48.
The last sentence in the text implies that most of the people long for
A. a peaceful world B. good education C. better health care
D. a life without anxietyC Shopping is not as simple as you may
think! There are all sorts of tricks at play each time we reach out for
that particular brand (品牌) of product on the shelf. Colouring,
for example, varies according to what the producers are trying to
sell. Health foods are packaged (包装) in greens, yellows or
browns because we think of these as healthy colours. Ice cream
packets are often blue and expensive goods, like chocolates, are
gold or silver. When some kind of pain killer was brought out
recently, researchers found that the colours turned the customers
off because they made the product look weak and ineffective.
Eventually, it came on the market in a dark blue and white
package-blue because we think of it as safe, and white as calm. The
size of a product can attract a shopper. But quite often a bottle doesnt
contain as much as it appears to. It is believed that the better-known
companies spend, on average, 70 per cent of the total cost of the
product itself on packaging! The most successful producers know
that its not enough to have a good product. The founder of Pears
soap, who for 25 years has used pretty little girls to promote (推
销) their goods, came to the conclusion: "Any fool can make
soap, but it takes a genius (天才) to sell it." () 49. Which of

the following may trick a shopper into buying a product according to the text? A. The cost of its package. B. The price of the product. C. The colour of its package. D. The brand name of the product. () 50. The underlined part "the colours turned the customers off" (in Para. 3) means that the colours _____. A. attracted the customers strongly B. had weak effects on the customers C. tricked the customers into shopping D. caused the customers to lose interest () 51. Which of the following is the key to the success in product sales? A. The way to promote goods. B. The discovery of a genius. C. The team to produce a good product. D. The brand name used by successful producers. () 52. Which of the following would be the best title for this text? A. Choice of Good Products B. Disadvantages of Products C. Effect of Packaging on Shopping D. Brand Names and Shopping Tricks D Pulling heavy suitcases all day in the summer is hard work, especially when youre a thin 14-year-old. That was me in 1940-the youngest and smallest baggage boy at New York Citys Pennsylvania Railway Station. After just a few days on the job, I began noticing that the other fellows were overcharging passengers. Id like to join them, thinking, " Everyone else is doing it. " When I got home that night, I told my dad what I wanted to do. "You give an honest days work," he said, looking at me straight in the eye. "Theyre paying you. If they want to do that, you let them do that. " I followed my dads advice for the rest of that summer and have lived by his words ever since. Of all the jobs Ive had, it was my experience at Pennsylvania Railway Station that has stuck with me. Now I teach my players to

have respect for other people and their possessions. Being a member
of a team is a totally shared experience. If one person steals, it
destroys trust and hurts everyone. I can put up with many things,
but not with people who steal. If one of my players were caught
stealing, hed be gone. Whether youre on a sports team, in an
office or a member of a family , if you cant trust one another ,
theres going to be trouble. () 53. What can be inferred about the
baggage boys? A. They could earn much, but they had to work
hard. B. Many of them earned money in a dishonest way. C. They
were all from poor families. D. They were all thin , young boys. (
) 54. What does the fathers advice imply? A. It is wrong to give
more pay to the passengers. B. Dont believe them if they are paying
you more. C. Dont follow others to overcharge the passengers. D. It
is difficult to work hard and live as an honest boy. () 55. The
writer cant put up with stealing because he thinks that A. it is
a totally shared experience B. it is considered as the most dangerous
C. it does great harm to human relationship D. it may lead to the loss
of his sports team V. Daily Conversation A.Im doing great. B. Yes.Im
pretty busy lately. C.Its still early. D.They are fine , thank you . E.I
think so . F. My pleasure. G. She is mad . H. You didnt have to do it.
() 56.Tony: Hows your family>. Tom
: () 57.Amy : How about your studies
? Ronald : () 58.Guest : Im afraid
Ive got to go now. Host: (
) 59.Peter: Thank you for all youve done for me. Andrew
: () 60. Hello. Havent seen you

for ages. Gary: ______. 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com