Russia, Japan discuss disputed island territoryCET6考试 PDF转换 可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/556/2021_2022_Russia__Ja_c 84_556554.htm Russian President Dmitry Medvedev (L) shakes hands with Japanese Prime Minister Taro Aso during a meeting in the Far Eastern city of Yuzhno Sakhalinsk February 18, 2009. TOKYO -- Japanese Prime Minister Taro Aso met Russian President Dmitry Medvedev on an island near disputed resource-rich maritime territory Wednesday, hoping to make progress toward resolving a dispute lingering since World war II. It is the first time a Japanese premier has set foot on the island of Sakhalin, 800 miles (1,300 kilometers) northeast of Tokyo, since Russia claimed a series of nearby small islands in the final days of World War II, Japans Foreign Ministry said. The island is only 30 miles (50 kilometers) from Japans northern main island of Hokkaido.www.100test.com Aso said he hopes the visit will strengthen strategic relations with Russia and lay the groundwork for a settlement of the row, which has prevented the two countries from signing a peace treaty formally ending the war. "I think this is an important step," Aso told reporters, without specifying concrete measures toward a resolution. The area in question is a cluster of islands between the two countries, known in Japan as the Northern Territories and the southern Kurils in Russia, amid rich fishing grounds and billions of dollars worth of undersea gas and oil reserves. Sakhalin, the site of Wednesdays meeting, is just northwest of the contested area. Kyodo News agency reported that the two leaders vowed to seek a speedy solution and

agreed to a visit to Japan by Russian Prime Minister Vladimir Putin in May.www.100test.com During the day trip, Aso was also to attend the inauguration of Russias first liquefied natural gas plant, part of the \$22 billion Sakhalin-2 oil and natural gas development project in which Japanese trading houses Mitsui & Damese trading houses house house house houses house hous