

2008英语四级完型填空模拟训练(二十五)CET4考试 PDF转换
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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/557/2021_2022_2008_E8_8B_

B1_E8_AF_AD_c83_557517.htm Dalton wondered why the heavier and lighter gases in the atmosphere did not separate as oil and water do. He finally concluded that the constituent 1 must exist in the form of 2 particles or atoms and that these 3 be completely mixed together in the 4. This threw a new light in 5 laws of definite proportions. It was 6 necessary to suppose that the atoms 7 combines into small groups of uniform 8 and so form more complex substance. 9 the mystery of this law was 10. Dalton suggested, for example, that carbon monoxide 11 formed by the one with one 12 of atoms of carbon and oxygen, 13 carbon dioxide results from a single 14 of carbon uniting with two atoms 15 oxygen. Assuming this to be true, 16 the definite proportions of Prouts law (17 all chemical compounds the different constituents 18 enter in unvarying proportions) would naturally 19 the relative weights of the many 20 kinds of atoms.

1. A. gases B. pieces C. things D. gas
2. A. timely B. trimmed C. tiny D. topical
3. A. ought B. could C. will D. must
4. A. sky B. atmosphere C. oxygen D. environment
5. A. various B. many C. the D. those
6. A. only B. too C. that D. extremely
7. A. should B. were C. get D. could
8. A. construct B. structure C. piece D. feature
9. A. but B. also C. thus D. nevertheless
10. A. solved B. discovered C. broked D. told
11. A. must B. been C. were D. is
12. A. putting B. pairing C. placing D. preparing
13. A. while B. when C. therefore D. also
14. A. piece B. type C. atom D. measure
15. A. from B. in C. of

D.for16.A.then B.so C.by D.that17.A.from B.in C.to D.for18.A.are
B.wouldn ' t C.always D.never19.A.describe B.unit C.mix
D.reveal20.A.different B.usual C.important D.chemical 100Test 下
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