2008职称英语考前每日一练(卫生类第43期 - C级)职称英语考 试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/558/2021\_2022\_2008\_E8\_81\_ 8C\_E7\_A7\_B0\_c91\_558821.htm 第6部分:完形填空(第5卜65 题,每题1分,共15分)阅读下面的短文,文中有15处空白, 每处空白给出了4个选项,请根据短文的内容从4个选项中选 择1个最佳答案,涂在答题卡相应的位置上。Preferences Vary on Circumstances of Dying Among terminally (晚期) ill people , attitudes differ on what they think constitutes a \_\_\_\_ (51) or bad death, the results of a new study suggest Dr. Elizabeth K Vig of the University of Washington in Seattle and colleagues interviewed 26men with\_\_\_\_ (52) heart disease or cancer The men were asked to describe good and Bad deaths, and they also answered\_\_\_\_ (53 ) about their preferences for dying "In this small study, terminally ill men described good and bad deaths\_\_\_\_ ( 54 ) Vig said "They did not hold the same views about such issues\_\_\_\_ (55) the presence of others at the very end of life or preferred location of death. Many of the men considered\_\_\_\_ (56) in their sleep to be a good death. The reasons were varied and included not\_\_\_\_ (57 ) that death was imminent (即将发生的), and that death would be painless. For close to half of the men, a prolonged (拖延 的) death was\_\_\_\_\_(58) abad death Some of the men associated a prolonged death with prolonged pain, \_\_\_\_\_ (59 ) others thought a prolonged death would be difficult for their families. Most men said that their\_\_\_\_ (60) were very important to them, but this did not mean that they wanted relatives close at

the\_\_\_\_ (61) of death. "Valuing family did not also\_\_\_ (62) ) wanting family present at the very end of life," Vig said. "In fact , some expressed concerns\_\_\_\_ (63) burdening loved ones, Vig said. For instance, some men were worried about the emotional or\_\_\_\_\_ (64) impact on their family members, according to the Washington researcher Some were worried\_\_\_\_ (65) their need for care would be a burden on their families, she said 51 A wrong B pure C good D whole 52 A frequent B terminal C early D light 53 A reports B opinions C questions D remarks 54 A differently B similarly C strangely D fully 55 A to B as C at D for 56 A working B dying C talking D dreaming 57 A arguing B proposing C hoping D knowing 58 A meant B presented C considered D taken 59 A where B unless C because D while 60 A families B friends C colleagues D wishes 61 A length B time C sake D hand 62 A stand B mean C help D quit 63 A round B within C about D into 64 A financial B original C social D historical 65 A SO B when C why D that答案: 51 c 此旬 的意思是,晚期病人对待死亡的态度不同,由"differ"一词 可以判断空格处应选与后面"bad"一词意思相反的词。52B 从文章第一句话可以得知,全文谈论的是晚期病人,因此空 格处应选 "terminal"一词。53 c 从前面的 "answered"一词 便可判断空格处应选 "questions"一词。 54 A 从文章开始处 的 "differ"一词和接下来的"they did not hold the same views "便可判断空格处应选"differently"一词。55 B 从前面的 " such " 一词可以断定空格处应选"as".词。 56 B 此句的意思是 , 许多受访者认为在睡眠中死去是种不错的死法。 57 D 在睡 眠中死去的好处之一应是不知道死亡即将来临。 58 c 从搭配

和语意两方面考虑,只有"considered"合适。 59 D此句的意思是,一些人认为……,而其他人则认为……,因此只有"while"合适。 60 A 此段主要讲的是受访者对家人的看法。 61 B 表示"死亡的时候"应用"at the time of death"。 62 B 此句的意思是,珍惜家人并非也意味着生命结束时希望有家人在身边。 63 c 表示对什么感到担心应用"concerns about something"。 64 A 一个人的病故除了给家人造成情感方面的冲击外,还会带来经济方面的影响。 65 D 空格处后面是一可由"that"一词引导的名词性从句,因此应选"that一词。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问www.100test.com