如何用英语与老外进行商务谈判实用英语考试 PDF转换可能 丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/558/2021_2022__E5_A6_82_ E4_BD_95_E7_94_A8_E8_c96_558587.htm 与外商进行商务谈判 时大多用英语进行,所以这个时候我们要注意避免跨国文化 交流产生的歧义,交谈时尽量用简单、清楚、明确的英语, 不说易引起对方反感的话语,如下列这些词语中就带有不信 任色彩,可能会客户不愿积极与我们合作。"to tell you the truth ", "I'll be honest with you...", "I will do my best." "it's none of my business but…"。 为了避免误会,我们可用 释义法确保沟通顺利进行。如 , " we would accept price if you could modify your specifications. "我们还可以说:" If i understand you correctly, what you are really saying is that you agree to accept our price if we improve our product as you request. "最 后,为确保沟通顺利的另一个方法是在谈判结束前作一个小 结,把到现在为止达成的协议重述一遍并要求对方予以认可 另外在商务谈判还应注意下列问题: 1、"会听"要尽量 鼓励对方多说,向对方说: "yes", "please go on ",并提 问题请对方回答,使对方多谈他们的情况。 2、巧提问题用 开放式的问题来了解进口商的需求,使进口商自由畅谈。 " can you tell me more about your campany? " " what do you think of our proposal?"对外商的回答,把重点和关键问题记 下来以备后用。进口商常常会问: " can not you do better than that? "对此不要让步,而应反问:" what is meant by better?" 或 "better than what?"使进口商说明他们究竟在哪些方面不满 意。进口商:"your competitor is offering better terms." 3、使

用条件问句用更具试探性的条件问句进一步了解对方的具体情况,以修改我们的发盘。典型的条件问句有"what...if",和"if...then"这两个句型。如:"what would you do if we agree to a two-year contract?"If we modif your specifications, would you consider a larger order?"(1)互作让步。只有当对方接受我方条件时,我方的发盘才成立。(2)获取信息。(3)寻求共同点。如果对方拒绝,可以另换其它条件,作出新的发盘。(4)代替"no"。"would you be willing to meet the extra cost if we meet your additional requirements?"如果对方不愿支付额外费用,就拒绝了自己的要求,不会因此而失去对方的合作。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com