2009年6月英语四六级语法题考点经典总结CET4考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/561/2021_2022_2009_E5_B9_ B46_E6_9C_c83_561146.htm 一、 非谓语动词 近几年的语法测 试中非谓语动词约占31。1%,平均每年近5道题,可谓是语法 项目考查的重点,那么非谓语动词的考查都有哪些特点,解 答时又应注意些什么呢?下面我和大家就一起来分析一下:1 非谓语动词考查特点 1) 谓语动词与非谓语动词的判断我要 收藏 对谓语动词与非谓语动词区别的考查主要集中在独立主 格结构,如: all things ____ because of the snowstorm, many passengers could do nothing but take the train。 (1999。 1) a。 had been canceled bo have been canceled co were canceled do having been canceled 四个选项中有三个是谓语动词,只有d是非谓语 动词,只要同学们能判断出这里是非谓语动词做状语,则不 用考虑时态的问题,答案自明。2)谓语动词后不定式与动名 词的选择 谓语动词后接不定式还是接动名词也是四级语法测 试中的一个题眼。如: i don 't mind ____ the decision as long as it is not too late。 (2000。1) a。 you to delay making b。 your delaying making co your delaying to make do you delay to make had i remembered ____ the windows, the thief would not have got in。 (1996。 1) a。 to close b。 closing c。 to have closed d。 having closed your hair wants ______ 。 you 'd better have it done tomorrow。 a。 cut b。 to cut c。 cutting d。 cut(1997。6) 这类题涉及三个方面: 谓语动词后应该接不定 式还是动名词?即可接不定式又可接动名词时,结构和意思上 有何差别? 不定式与动名词用主动形式还是用被动形式? 3) 做

定语的非谓语动词的选择 从近几年的考查情况来看,对做定语的非谓语动词的考查有两种情况:(1)对一般概念的考查,而不是固定结构中的非谓语动词做定语。如: the project _____ by the end of 2000 , will expand the city 's telephone network to cover 1 , 000 , 000 users。(1999。6) a。 accomplished b。 being accomplished c。 to be accomplished d。 having been accomplished if i correct someone , i will do it with so much good humor and self-restraint as if i were the one _____。(1996。6) a。 to correct b。 correcting c。 having been corrected d。 being corrected 同学们只要掌握非谓语动词做定语的一般的规律,就可以判断 题答案为c, 题答案为d。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问www.100test.com