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[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/561/2021\\_2022\\_2007\\_E8\\_8B\\_](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/561/2021_2022_2007_E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_c83_561171.htm)

[B1\\_E8\\_AF\\_AD\\_c83\\_561171.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/561/2021_2022_2007_E8_8B_B1_E8_AF_AD_c83_561171.htm) Passage 14 Britain is not just one country and one people. even if some of its inhabitants think so. Britain is, in fact, a nation which can be divided into several \_\_1\_\_ parts, each part being an individual country with its own language, character and cultural \_\_2\_\_. Thus Scotland, Northern Ireland and Wales do not claim to \_\_3\_\_ to "England" because their inhabitants are not \_\_4\_\_ "English". They are Scottish, Irish or Welsh and many of them prefer to speak their own native tongue, which in turn is \_\_5\_\_ to the others. These cultural minorities(少数民族) have been Britains original inhabitants. In varying degrees they have managed to \_\_6\_\_ their national characteristics, and their particular customs and way of life. This is probably even more ture of the \_\_7\_\_ areas where traditional ife has not been so affected by the \_\_8\_\_ of industrialism as the border areas have been. The Celtic races are said to be more emotional by nature than the English. An Irish temper is legendary. The Scots could rather \_\_9\_\_ about their reputation for excessive thrift and prefer to be remembered for their folk songs and dances, while the Welsh are famous for their singing. The Celtic \_\_10\_\_ as a whole produces humorous writers and artists, such as the Irish Bernard Shaw, the Scottish Robert Burns, and the Welsh Dylan Thomas, to mention but a few. [A]incomprehensible [B]temper [C]remote [D]separate [E]understandable [F]forget [G]generally [H]temperament [I]preserve [J]strictly [K]traditional

[L]reserve[M]growth [N]apply [O]belongAnswers:1.选D)。此处应填形容词，修饰名词parts。文章首句即提出观点Britain is not just one country and one people “英国不只是一个国家和一个民族”，又从后文的invited into, each part以及Individual country可知英国被分成几个分离的部分，选项中只有separate表达了这个意思，故D)正确。2.选K)。此处应填名词。选项中有四个词temper, temperament, traditions和growth,语言等是一个民族的文化传统，故这里应该填K) traditions，其他几个名词不符合上下文。3.选O)。此处应填动词原形。前文中说明英国被分成独立的几部分，各自保存自己的文化传统；后文中because...说明苏格兰、北爱尔兰以及威尔士的居民不承认自己是“English”，说明他们并不承认自己属于“England”，故这里应该选择O) belong。apply也可以和to连用，但apply to表示“将...应用于”，不符合上下文意思。4.选J)。此处应填形容词或副词。选项中的副词有generally和strictly，文中要表达的意思是因为这几个部分都有自己的语言和文化传统，所以严格来说，他们不是“English”，但他们都属于English。故J) strictly符合文意。generally“一般地，大体地”放在原文意义上不够严谨。三个形容词不能使语义通顺。5.选A)。从前文中prefer to speak their own native tongue即苏格兰语、苏格兰语和威尔士语，那么这些语言对the others（见注释1）来说是陌生的，听不懂的。那么就不难从选项中的incomprehensible和understandable中选择前者，故A) incomprehensible“不能理解的”正确。6.选I)。由manage to结构可知此处要填的是动词原形。选项中的动词原形还有forget, preserve和reserve。从下文中traditional life has not

been so affected,可知他们成功地保存了自己的传统,排除forget; reserve和preserve都有“保存”的意思,前者指存留起来以派别的用场,后者指想办法保持原样,强调抵制破坏因素,故I) preserve符合文意。7.选C)。此处应填形容词。从后文where traditional life has not been so affected by the ... of industrialis"人们的传统生活受工业化...的影响没有那么大的地方"可以推知,这些地方是比较偏远的地方,选项中的C) remote“偏僻的,遥远的”符合上下文意思。8.选M)。border area“边界地区”的工业化发展的比remote area要快,所以此处要填的词是表示上升、增长的词,表示工业化的发展,选项M) growth“增长,发展”符合上下文意思。9.选F)。would rather和prefer意思相同,后面是宁愿让人记住他们的好的东西:民歌,舞蹈等。前面说的是过分节俭的坏名声,所以填入动词的意思应该与remember意思相反,选项中的F) forget符合上下文意思。10.选H)。此处应填名词。选项中的名词还有temper和temperament。前者指脾气,指情绪上的主要特征,后者指特征、气质,尤指带感情色彩的个性和在社交上的个性。这里指的是整个凯尔特民族的特征,故H) temperament正确。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)