

听力训练：大学英语四级听力训练五CET4考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/562/2021_2022__E5_90_AC_E5_8A_9B_E8_AE_AD_E7_c83_562419.htm

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Section A Conversations (对话)

1. A) Skip his lunch. B) Go to the game. C) Be a naughty boy. D) Eat too fast.
2. A) Admission to the movie is free. B) Shell lend the man some money. C) Shell buy the tickets for the movie. D) She paid for the movie last time.
3. A) A man. B) A man and a woman. C) A baby. D) A couple and their baby.
4. A) Shell count the votes on the proposal. B) Shell support the mans proposal. C) Shell make the proposal herself. D) Shell back out of the proposal.
5. A) Playing tennis. B) Going swimming. C) Going hiking. D) Going skiing.
6. A) Their raise will be more than \$5 a day. B) Their raise will be less than \$5 a day. C) Their pay will be raised by \$5 a day. D) They wont receive the raise of \$5 a day.
7. A) The woman will be all right soon. B) The woman has to have a physical exam. C) The woman has been very ill. D) The woman will be better after some time by taking some medicine and a good rest.
8. A) Curtain. B) Carpet. C) A dress. D) Flowers.
9. A) Spanish. B) English. C) French. D) German.
10. A) It

is difficult getting an appointment with her. B) She is a good doctor. C) She used to be her doctor. D) She is fairly old. Section B

Compound dictation: Directions: In this section you will hear a passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time, you should listen carefully for its general idea. Then listen to the passage again. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from S1 to S7 with the exact words you have just heard. For blanks numbered S8 to S10, you are required to fill in the missing information. You can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally, when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written. Sleepwalking is a scientific reality. It is one of those (S1) - - - - , awe-inspiring phenomena that sometimes border on the (S2) - - - - . What is certain about sleepwalking is that it is a (S3) - - - - of emotional disturbance, and that the only to cure it is to remove the worries and (S4) - - - - that cause it. Doctors say that somnambulism (梦游症) is much more common than is generally (S5) - - - - . Some have (S6) - - - - that there are four million somnambulists in the United States. Other set the (S7) - - - - even higher. (S8) - - - - . The simplest explanation of sleepwalking is that it is the acting out of a vivid dream. (S9) - - - - . The classic sleepwalker is Shakespeares Lady Macbeth. Her nightly wandering was caused by her guilty conscience at having committed murder. Shakespeare said of her, "The eyes are open but their sense is shut." The age-old question is: Is the sleepwalker actually awake or asleep? Scientists have decided that

he is about half-and-half. Like Lady Macbeth, she has weighty problems on her mind. A doctor says "Some people stay awake all night worrying about their problems. The sleepwalker thrashes them out in his sleep. He is awake in the muscular area, partially asleep in the sensory area." In other words, (S10) - - - - . 更多信息请访问：百考试题四六级频道 百考试题四六级论坛 外语在线题库 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com