

2009职称英语考前每日一练(综合类第35期 - B级)职称英语考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/562/2021_2022_2009_E8_81_8C_E7_A7_B0_c91_562344.htm English as an international language The English language evolved from a set of West Germanic dialects spoken by the Angles , Saxons , and , who arrived from the Continent in the 5th Century . The emergence of English as a language of Wales results from the incorporation of Wales into England . Following a change in vowel pronunciation that marks the transition of English from the medieval to the Renaissance period , the language of the Chancery and Caxton became Early Modern English(the language of Shakespeare ' s day)and with relatively moderate changes eventually developed into the English language of today . The number of speakers of English in Shakespeare ' s time is estimated to have been about five million . Today it is estimated that some 260 million people speak it as a native language , mainly in the United States , Canada , Great Britain , Ireland , South Africa , Australia and New Zealand . In addition to the standard varieties of English found in these areas , there are a great many regional and social varieties of the language , as well as various levels of usage that are employed both in its spoken and written forms . It is virtually impossible to estimate the number of people in the world who have acquired an adequate working knowledge of English in addition to their ' own language . The purposes for which English is learned and the situations in , which such learning takes place are so varied that it is difficult to define and still more difficult to assess what

constitutes an adequate working knowledge for each situation . The main reason for the widespread demand for English is its presentday importance as a world language . Besides serving the infinite needs of its native speakers , English is a language in which some of the most important works in science , technology , and other field are being produced , and not always by native speakers . It is widely used for such purposes as meteorological and airport communications , international conferences , and the dissemination(传播)of information over the radio and television networks of many nations . It is a language of wider communication for a number of developing countries , especially former British colonies . Many of these eountries have muhillingual populations , and need a language for internal communication in such matters as government , commelce industry . law and education as well as for international communication and for access to the scientific and teechnological development in the west .

1 . There are about 260 million people who can speak_____ . A . English in its regional variety B . English in its standard variety C . English as a second language D . English as a working language

2 . According to this passage , the English language might be used A . for only one reason that English is becoming an international language B . mainly by people from the American continent and the European continent C . as an official language in an international conference on the American culture D . in science and technology as well as in cultural and historical studies of all countries .

3 . The author seems to be wondering_____ . A . what makes up one ' s adequate working

knowledge of English B . why English can serve so many needs of various people C . how to relate the technological problems in airport communications D . when English became so widely used 4

. “ these countries ” (Line7 , para3)most probably refers to_____

. 把职称英语页面加入收藏 A . the developing countries which used to be colonies B . the former British colonies which now are developing C . the colonized countries which become as strong as Britain D . the developing countries which are still colonized by Britain 5 . A common language is necessary for some multilingual countries A . for both internal and international communication B

. for access to the development in other countries C . for higher efficiency of the government and better life of the public D . for wider communications among colonial nations 1 . B . 与问题相关的语句在第2段的第2 , 3句。根据这两句的内容可以推断出在文章中提到的7个英语国家里 , 人们所说的英语都属于标准变体 , 因此选项B正确。 2 . C . 与问题相关的语句在第2段的第2句和第4段第1句。可以通过这两句话的内容推断出选项C(在就美国文化进行讨论的国际会议上用作官方语言)正确。第4段第1句话表明选项A是不全面的 , 第2段第2句表明选项B是错误的 , 选项D关于cultural and historical studies of all

countries(对所有的国家进行文化和历史研究)的信息在文章中没有出现。 3 . A . 与问题相关的语句在第3段最后一句。问题句中的wondering是句中difficult to define and still more difficult to assess的同义转换 , 所以答案就是第3段最后一句的后半句 , 选项A中的makes up与constitutes同义 , 为正确答案。 4 . B . 与问题相关的语句在第4段倒数第2句。These回指第4段倒

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数第2句中的“developing countries, especially former British colonies(发展中国家,尤其是英国以前的殖民地)”,对比四个选项不难发现选项B是该说法的同义替换。5. A. 与问题相关的语句是文章最后一句。选项A是对文章最后一句的全面概括,所以是正确答案。100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com