

09年职称英语概括大意与完成句子典型考题解析职称英语考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/562/2021_2022_09_E5_B9_B4_E8_81_8C_E7_A7_c91_562347.htm 典型考题解析 概括大意题

段落中有明显主题词 (选自2008年卫生类C级概括大意与完成句子考题：Antiaging secrets：four ways to stay young) A

. Reduce Stress B . Avoid Isolation C . Adopt a Positive Attitude to Life D . Keep Your Mind Active E . Maintain Balance加入收藏 F . Accept Failure 23 . Paragraph 2 2 Keeping the mind active is the

best medicine against aging . Studies have shown that persons who remain active following retirement live longer . Brainpower and physical fitness go handinhand . When minds are sharpened or active , we are more likely to be physically active . Even if aging results in slight memory loss or a little confusion , brain exercises such as crossword puzzles(填字字谜)can improve memory . D .

解析：该段一共由5个句子组成，其中有3个句子中都出现了单词“active”，而且该词几乎是贯穿全段而出现，因此基本上可以肯定“active”就是该段主题词。备选项中只有选项D中出现了active，因此选项D(保持大脑活跃)很可能就是该段对应的段落主题。其实该段的段首句(观点句)就是段落主题句，该句说“保持大脑活跃是预防衰老的最好良方”。从该段的段落结构来看，段落开头提出了观点——要保持大脑活跃，因为大脑活跃能预防衰老，接下来作者就对这个观点进行分析及论述：首先提到了相关研究结果——智力和身体健康息息相关，然后分析了原因(智力活跃会造成身体活跃)，在段落最后一句中作者提到锻炼大脑能提高记忆力。分析段

落结构安排，查找段落主题句也是确认段落主题的常用方法。(选自2007年卫生类C级概括大意与完成句子考题：Clinical Trials) A Why are clinical trials done? B Where are clinical trials conducted? C Who should consider clinical trials and why? D What should people know before participating in a clinical trial? E What are clinical trials? F Are clinical trials safe? 24 . Paragraph 2_____

. 2 It is important to test drugs and medical products in the people they are meant to help . It is also important to conduct research in a variety of people because different people may respond differently to treatments. Some people participate in clinical trials because they have exhausted standard treatment options . Other people participate in trials because they want to contribute to the advancement of medical knowledge . C . 解析：段落中出现了明显主题词：people，而且是贯穿全段出现，因此people(人，人们)是段落主题词，因此选项c(谁应该考虑临床试验，为什么?)和D(在参加临床试验之前人们应该了解什么?)可能是答案。

其实该段中还有一个明显的主题词because(因为)，该词正好与选项C中的why(为什么)呼应，段落结尾处出现了两个排比句，这两个句子中都涉及到段落主题词，因此这两个句子的内容能直接反映段落主题。这两个句子都是在说“人们参与临床研究是因为 ”，显然这个内容与选项C呼应，因此C是答案。段落中有明显段落主题句(选自2007年卫生

类A / B级概括大意与完成句子考题：Facts about stroke) A Effects of a stroke B Annual cost of stroke in the US C Definition and description of a stroke D Breakthroughs in treatment E Risk factors of stroke F Warning signs of a stroke 23 . Paragraph 2_____. 2

Stroke is a type of cardiovascular(心血管的)disease . It affects the arteries(动脉)leading to and within the brain . A stroke occurs when a blood vessel that carries oxygen and nutrients(营养物)to the brain is either blocked by a clot(凝块)or bursts . When that happens , part of the brain cannot get the blood(and oxygen)it needs,so it starts to die . C . 解析：段落中出现了明显的段落主题词brain，该词几乎贯穿全段出现，因此该词应该是其所在段落主题词，但是被选项中均没有brain出现，因此考虑采用其他的解题技巧。接下来关注段落中是否有较明显的段落主题句，首先关注段首句：段首句是定义句，该句说“中风是一种心血管疾病”（提示：如果段首句是观点句，概括句，定义句，则该段首句可能就是其所在段落的主题句），推测该段可能是在对中风进行介绍，被选项c恰好与段首句内容呼应，因此C很可能是答案。其实如果采取一种“段落2字阅读法(阅读段落开头句和结尾句，段落中间跳看句子的某些结构)”，则会注意到段落中间部分的句子谈到“中风为什么会发生”，而段落结尾处提到了“中风的发生对大脑造成的影响”，显然这些内容都是围绕中风这种疾病进行介绍，因此进一步肯定了C是答案。（选自2008年卫生类A / B级概括大意与完成句子考题：Depression and the elderly) A How common is depression in later life? B What is depression? C What relieves depression in older people? D Why does depression in older people often go untreated? E Can depression in older people be treated? F What are the consequences of untreated depression in older people?

23 . Paragraph 1_____ . 1 We all feel sad at times . However , clinical depression is a serious matter . Clinical depression

, sometimes called major depression , is a biologically based brain disorder that affects one ' s thoughts , feelings , behavior , and physical health . When people complain that they feel terrible , they have no interest or take no pleasure in things , have trouble sleeping , have trouble sleeping , have poor appetite , or cannot concentrate , depression is a definite possibility . B . 解析 :

“ depression ” 在段落中出现了4次 , 因此可能是该段主题词 , 但由于备选中均出现了该词 , 所以借助 “ depression ” 这个词无法判断答案。现在留意段落中是否有段落主题句出现 : 段落第3句是典型的定义句的结构(主语 系动词 表语) , 因此重点关注。该句说 “ 临床诊断的抑郁症 , 有时被称为严重抑郁 , 从生物学来看是一种大脑纹乱 , 这种纹乱会影响人的思想 , 情感 , 行为和身体健康。 ” , 从段落主题词(depression)来看 , 该段以 “ 抑郁症 ” 为主题 , 而段落中又出现了对于抑郁症的详细定义 , 由此推断该段很可能主要是对depression(抑郁症)进行定义和描述 , 由此判断B(什么是抑郁症)可能就是该段主题。其实从该段段落结构来看 , 该段也主要围绕对抑郁症进行定义和描述 : 在段落开头(第2句)作者指出 “ 临床诊断的抑郁症是一种严重的疾病 ” , 然后接下来就对抑郁症进行了解释和定义(第3句) , 在段落的最后一句作者更详细地描述了抑郁症的症状表现 , 如 : (have trouble sleeping)无法入睡 , (have trouble sleeping)没有活力 , (have poor appetite)胃口不好等。 100Test 下载频道开通 , 各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com