

大学英语四级改错题常考要点 - - 非谓语句动词CET4考试 PDF
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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/571/2021_2022__E5_A4_A7_E5_AD_A6_E8_8B_B1_E8_c83_571482.htm 四、非谓语句动词(一)

分词现在分词和过去分词的区别、用于句首作状语，现在分词表示主动，过去分词表示被动例：Won its war for independence in 1783, the United States then A struggled to establish its own economic and financial system. B C D分析：分词作状语，主要看是主动还是被动，美国赢得应该是主动，所以A错，改won为winning、用于名词后面作后置定语，现在分词表示主动，过去分词表示被动例：In the nineteenth century the Mohave Indians lived in A B the Northern Hemisphere grew their crops on river bottom lands. C D分析：B错，生活在什么地方的人，人生活是主动，因此改为living一些动词后面必须用doing对于加doing的词来说，考试中一般出现一个，下面这些词都是要加doing的，请考生牢记。mind, finish, enjoy, celebrate, adjust advocate, suggest delay, quit forgive(原谅), tolerate, avoid, escape(逃避) spend 名词 doing. have trouble/difficult/a problem/doing例：Long before the dawn of recorded history, humans celebrated to harvest their A B C D crops.分析：D错，应改为harvesting。及物动词celebrate直接带名词、名词短语或动名词短语作宾语，故将to harvest改为harvesting。例：Some experts have advocated to bring that country into the talks, A B to revive the intermittent dialogue that began after the 1967 Middle East War. C D分析：A错，advocate后面直接跟doing, 改为advocate bringing(二) 不定式A. 动词不定式的省略、help后面可以省

略to help to do help sb. to do例：A good exercise program helps teach people to avoid A B the habits that might shorten the lives. C D
分析：D错，应改为their. 定冠词在句中不如代词所有格明确，如果lives后面有定语就可以用the。注意（A）并没有错，help后面可以接不带to的不定式。 、使役动词后面要省略to, 这样的动词只有三个 make, let, have sb. do sth 注意get不是使役动词，get sb. to do sth.例：A conductor used signals and gestures to let the musicians A B to know when to play various parts of a composition. C D分析：let是使役动词，后面不需要to, C改为know 、感官动词 hear, feel, watch, see, notice, observe see sb do sth. 强调过程 see sb doing sth 正在做某事B. 动词不定式的固定用法(1)表示第一人the first woman to do sth. (2)表示迫使的动词一般考三个，allow/ enable/ call, sb. to do例：Besides providing clues to the nature of atoms, mineral analysis A B allows to speculate geologists about the ancient Earth. C D分析：allow...to do是固定短语,allow的宾语应在不定式之前,即把C改为: allow geologists to speculate。 (3)表示倾向...的形容词 be more likely to do 更有可能作某事 be inclined to do倾向于做某事 be liable to do 易于...的 be apt to do (4)表示目的的名词，一共有7个这样的词，这一条也是最重要的。固定的句式：the purpose, the purpose of sth is to do sth.the objective 目标aimgoalreason理由function功能intension意图例：The function of Louis Sullivans architecture was providing A large uninterrupted floor areas and to allow ample light into the interior. B C D分析：the function to provide, A错例：The chief goal of biochemistry is for understanding the structure A and behavior of the

carbon-containing compounds B that make up various components of a living cell. C D分析：the chief goal is to understand, A错(5) 其他同根名词 ability to do 受到be able to 的影响 attempt to do 企图 decision to do 决定, 受decide的影响 ambition, be ambitious to do effort例：For ancient people, myths were often attempts explanation A B 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com