

2009年职称英语考试综合类B级完形填空专项训练四职称英语考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/575/2021_2022_2009_E5_B9_B4_E8_81_8C_c91_575906.htm 完形填空专项训练四 阅读下面的短文；

文中有15处空白，每处空白给出了4个选项，根据短文的内容从江4个选项中选择1个最佳答案。 The Central

Problem of Economics The central problem of economics is to satisfy the peoples and nations wants. The problem we are faced with is that our resources, here identified as money, are (1). The only way we can resolve our problem is to make choices. After looking at our resources, we must examine our list of (2) and identify the things we need immediately, those we can postpone, and (3) we cannot afford.

As individuals, we face the central problem involved in economics--deciding just how to allocate (分配) our limited resources to provide ourselves with the greatest (4) of our wants.

Nations face the same problem. As a countrys population .(5), the need for more goods and services grows correspondingly. Resources necessary to production may increase, but there are (6) enough

resources to satisfy the total desires of a nation. Whether the budget meeting is taking place in the family living room, in the conference room of the corporation (7) of directors, or in the chamber of the

House of Representatives in Washington, the basic problem still exists. We need to find (8) of allocating limited resources in order to satisfy unlimited wants. A short time ago economists divided goods

into two categories, free and economic The former, like air and water, were in (9) abundance that economists had no concern for

them. After all, economics is the .(10) of scarcity (匮乏_) and what to do about it. Today many of these "free goods" are (11) very expensive to use. Pollution has made clean air and water expensive for Producers who have to filter their waste products, for consumers who ultimately (最终) pay for the producers extra costs, and (12) taxpayers who pay for the governments involvement in cleaning the environment. In the 1990s, almost all goods are (13). Only by effort and money can they be (14) in the form people wish. Meeting the needs of people and the demands from resources available leads to the basic activity of production In trying to .(15) unlimited wants from limited economic goods, production leads to new problems in economics.

1 A limited B unlimited C exhausted D abundant
2 A concepts B supplies C wants D resources
3 A those B some C others D many
4 A expression B description C satisfaction D limitation
5 A climbs B extends C grows D raises
6 A always B sometimes C often D never
7 A management B function C board D company
8 A necessities B possibilities C needs D methods
9 A so B great C such D such an
10 A form B study C means D source
11 A in time B in practice C in reality D in turn
12 A then B also C for D with
13 A plentiful B scarce C poor D enough
14 A accepted B obtained C offered D discovered
15 A create B depress C restrain D meet

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