09年职称英语考试综合类B级完形填空专项训练一职称英语考 试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/575/2021_2022_09_E5_B9_B4 _E8_81_8C_E7_A7_c91_575909.htm 完形填空专项训练一 阅读 下面的短文, 文中有15处空白, 每处空白给出了4个选项, 请 根据短文的内容从4个选项中选择1个最佳答案。 Where Did All the Ships Go? The Bermuda Triangle (三角区) is one (1) the greatest mysteries of the sea. In this triangular area between Florida, Puerto Rico and Bermuda in Atlantic, ships and airplanes (2) to disappear more often than in (3) parts of the ocean. And they do so (4) leaving any sign of an accident or any dead bodies. It is (5) that Christopher Columbus was the first person to record strange happenings in the area. His compass stopped working, a flame came down from the sky, and a wave 100 to 200-feet-high carried his ship about a mile away. The most famous disappearance in the Bermuda Triangle was the US Naval (海军的) Air Flight 19. (6) December 5, 1945, five bomber planes carrying 14 men (7) on a training mission from the Florida coast. Later that day, all communications with Flight 19 were lost. They just disappeared without a trace. The next morning, 242 planes and 19 ships took part in the largest air-sea search in history. But they found nothing. Some people blame the disappearances (8) supernatural (超自然的) forces. It is suggested the (9) ships and planes were either transported to other times and places, kidnapped (绑架) by aliens(外星人) (10) attacked by sea creatures. There are (11) natural explanations, though. The US Navy says that the Bermuda Triangle is one of two places on earth (12) a

magnetic compass (指南针) points towards true north (13) magnetic north. (14), planes and ships can lose their way if they dont make adjustments. The area also has changing weather and is known (15) its high waves. Storms can turn up suddenly and destroy a plane or ship. Fast currents could then sweep away any trace of an accident. 1 A from B of C about D on 2 A often B look C sometimes D seem 3 A rest B another C other D others 4 A without B by C from D upon 5 A saying B say C said D says 6 A On B In C From D Since 7 A took up B took on C took out D took off 8 A for B about C on D from 9 A missing B missed C miss D misses 10 A and B or C nor D neither 11 A also B no C barely D hardly 12 A which B there C where D that 13 A in stead of B except C but D out of 14 A Similarly B Furthermore C However D Therefore 15 A as B for C by D from gt. 点击查看答案相关推荐:09年3月职称英语考生考前互送祝福 2009年职称外语等级考试大纲不变 2009年全国职称英语考试 复习冲刺 2009年职称英语教材新增内容汇总 100Test 下载频道 开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com