

2010年职称英语理工类阅读理解练习(11)职称英语考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/581/2021_2022_2010_E5_B9_B4_E8_81_8C_c91_581897.htm Where Have All the Bees Gone?

Scientists who study insects have a real mystery on their hands. All across the country, honeybees are leaving their hives and never returning. Researchers call this phenomenon colony-collapse disorder. According to surveys of beekeepers across the country, 25 to 40 percent of the honeybees in the United States have vanished from their hives since last fall. So far, no one can explain why.

Colony collapse is a serious concern because bees play an important role in the production of about one-third of the foods we eat. As they feed, honeybees spread pollen from flower to flower. Without this process, a plant can't produce seeds or fruits. Now, a group of scientists and beekeepers have teamed up to try to figure out what's causing the alarming collapse of so many colonies. By sharing their expertise in honeybee behavior, health, and nutrition, team members hope to find out what's contributing to the decline and to prevent bee disappearance in the future. It could be that disease is causing the disappearance of the bees. To explore that possibility, Jay Evans, a researcher at the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Bee Research Laboratory, examines bees taken from colonies that are collapsing. "We know what a healthy bee should look like on the inside, and we can look for physical signs of disease," he says. And bees from collapsing colonies don't look very healthy. "Their stomachs are worn down, compared to

the stomachs of healthy bees, ” Evans says. It may be that a parasite is damaging the bees digestive organs. Their immune systems may not be working as they should. Moreover , they have high levels of bacteria inside their bodies. Another cause of colony-collapse disorder may be certain chemicals that farmers apply to kill unwanted insects on crops , says Jerry Hayes , chief bee inspector for the Florida Department of Agriculture³. Some studies , he says , suggest that a certain type of insecticide affects the honeybee ’ s nervous system (which includes the brain) and memory. ” It seems like honeybees are going out and getting confused about where to go and what to do, ” he says. If it turns out that a disease is contributing to colony collapse , bees genes could explain why some colonies have collapsed and others have not. In any group of bees there are many different kinds of genes. The more different genes a group has , the higher the group ’ s genetic diversity. So far scientists haven ’ t determined the role of genetic diversity in colony collapse , but it ’ s a promising theory , says Evans.

词汇 : honeybee/5hQnIbi:/n. 蜜蜂 parasite/5pArEsait/n. 寄生虫. 寄生生物 hive/haiv/n. 蜂巢. 蜂箱 digestive/di5dVestiv,dai-/adj. 消化的 pollen/5pCIEn/n. 花粉 immune/i5mju:n/adj. 免疫的 beekeeper/5bi:ki:pE(r)/n. 养蜂人 insecticide/in5sektisaid/n. 杀虫剂 expertise/7ekspE5ti:z/n. 专门知识 , 专长

注释 : 1. colony-collapse : 群体瘫痪。 colony 有 “ 殖民地 ” 的意思 , 在此意为 : a group of the same kind of animals , plants , or one-celled organisms living or growing together. 一群生活或生长在一起的同种动物、 植物或单细胞有机体。 2. the United States

Department of Agriculture(USDA) Bee Research Laboratory : 美国农业部蜜蜂研究实验室。 3. the Florida Department of Agriculture : 佛罗里达农业局。 佛罗里达是美国东南部的一个州 , 濒临大西洋和墨西哥湾。 练习 : 1. What is the mystery that researchers find hard to explain? A Honeybees are flying all across the country. B 25-40 percent of the honeybees in the US have died. C Honeybees are leaving their hives and do not return. D Honeybee hives are in disorder. 2. Why are researchers seriously concerned with the phenomenon of colony-collapse disorder? A Because honeybees produce one-third of the foods we eat. B Because honeybees feed on flowers. C Because honeybees eat seeds of flowers. D Both B and C. 3. What are the possible causes of colony-collapse disorder given by the scientists? A Worsening environment. B Disease and chemicals. C Dwindling number of flowers around. D Changes in genes' structures. 4. According to the fifth paragraph , which of the following about bees' genes is true? A Bees' genes allow them to expand their colonies. B Bees' genes help keep them in their hives. C Bees' genes make them fly from flower to flower. D Bees' genes could explain the collapse of some colonies. 5. What explanation is given by Jerry Hayes to the phenomenon? A Farmers apply certain chemicals to kill unwanted bees. B The insecticide destroys the honeybee's nervous system. C The insecticide affects the honeybee's memory. D All of the above.

答案与题解 : 1. C 短文第一段的第一句和最后一句告诉我们 , 昆虫学家正面临一个不可解释的谜。第二句解释了这个谜 , 给出了答案。 2. A 短文第二段的第一句提供了答案。蜜蜂

传播花粉能使植物结果，因此为人类提供食物。 3. B 第四段的开头是It could be that disease is causing the disappearance of the bees.第五段的开头是Another cause of colony-collapse disorder may be certain chemicals that，这是科学家给出的两个可能造成这种现象的原因。 4. D 第六段的句子：bees' genes could explain why some colonies have collapsed and others have not。这是选择D的依据。选项A、B、C的内容文章中都没有出现，所以不是答案。 5. D 第五段描述了另一个可能的原因，即农夫使用的杀虫剂可能破坏了蜜蜂的神经系统和记忆。所以D是正确选择。 相关推荐：把职称英语页面加入收藏 2009年职称英语考试成绩查询汇总 2009年职称英语考试试题及答案点评专题 编辑推荐：为帮助广大学员有效备考，我们特推出了职称英语2010年网络辅导课程,相信会让大家有耳目一新的视听感受。现在报名职称英语辅导，赠送2009年精品课程及考试E币。点击查看详情》 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com