TWE三类文章模板总结及写作结构托福考试(TOEFL) PDF转 换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/586/2021_2022_TWE_E4_B8 _89_E7_B1_BB_E6_c81_586556.htm 这篇贴文是我在2005年8月1 日至8月19日准备8T过程中总结出的,希望能对准备的同学们 有些许帮助。(考过者勿参考)此篇目的:1,提高写作速 度 2 , 屡清写作思路 3 , 分清三类写作 一 , 对立类 (就一个 事物判断是与否agree or disagree) 1,开头(给出ABC三个方 案) A方案.(GM) With the development/introduction..., xxx, the xxx, are more and more adj/ become adj increasingly. Xxx often face the dilemma of whether to vt with all aspects carefully considered, I believe that...../ I think to vt what would be a better choice. B方案. 在日常生活中,有很多值得我们去推敲判断 的问题。就像我们看到上文作者提出的问题时,你会如何认 为?(有的人认为……;也有的人认为……;)就我的而言 ,如下的考虑方向使得我认为……。 In daily life /during our life, so many problems are worth considering carefully. As what has been come up with, when you face/when it comes to /there is a public debate today that/recently the problem has been brought into focus that....what is your choice and what is your opinion? Some hold the view that/some think.....while the others believe that..... However, with all aspects carefully considered, I believe that..... 零碎的句子:A is a common way of, but is it a wise one? Some people hold the different view...... C方案. (excellent) 如果发现可以用到反问排比就这样套句,前提是你的 例子足够多,头脑风暴用的又好又快。 Have you ever been to

/have you ever 过去分词/received/faced/experienced If
you had never had these experiences, you would never know/ feel/
learn/ realize/ understand how much fun/interesting/significant
xxx could bring you. 2. 正文写作(body) 接A方案 第一段 开
头中心句多用when vt ed with xxx,(结果)/when taking xxx as
(结果)。这个结果就是本段的中心。(注意主题避免过
细否则下面不好写) 其他开头:Nowadays there is a growing
awareness that It is time we explore the truth of 然后举例选不同
的角色 例如equipped with xxx, a student may vt/ a researcher may/
a teacher may 中间穿插对比例如¸. which, if done with xxx(
对立方)/which, if completed with xxx/if taken by, may well
need/cost/waste much time/money/vigor/energy多用比较级
比较。 When it comes to the condition that xxx is more adj/better
than The advantages for A outweigh than B when sth is
concerned/when we consider The advantages of A outweigh that
of B when段尾重申主题。事实上是换个角度和说
法, with the development of xxx, such as increase of, the
condition can be 被动/ more adj, whereas 原来条件的限制或对立
面的不足。 第二段but that is only part of the reality,
another equally important aspect is A is but one of the many
effects, another is Another advantage of choosing A is
obviously seen when you Besides, other reasons are 在
段落中的承接: what is more, furthermore, besides, also
For instance, such as, a good case in point is a particular example
for this is(这些大家都知道的,就不再赘述了,都有点
恶心了,吼吼)更高级的承接: suppose/imagine that(自定义

类经常用到,大家可以体会) just imagine what it would be like if it is reasonable to expect.... it is not surprising that..... no wonder that........更多的主题开头 in fact, xxx is the reader 's major concern unlike xxx, xxx2(同谓语), aaa may vt 以后几段少 写一些最后一个例证段的开头: the last but not the least...... 在段落中的自问自答可以有效地证明自己的观点。 Why?. The answer to this problem involves many factors. The first reason can be obviously seen Most people would agree that..... Some people may neglect that..... in fact.....other suggest that..... Part of explanation is 过渡段(A类可以没有或很少如果 你在每个段子中都又对比,B类(见下)=让步段)如果段与段 都是同一个观点: to understand the truth of...., it is also important to see..... what is more, a study ofwill make this point clearer 如果我们转到另一方说对立面地优点:certainly/of course, xxx has its own advantages, such as...... however, 我的观 点 I do not deny that xxx has its own merits such as ... but... Admittedly...xxx also play an important role in 接B方案 其 他结构及应急措施 如果不够用(开头用了过多时间例如超 过7分钟了) 我们不用避讳first/for one thing, second/also, third/what is more 我们先列出三个优点,在最后写出对立方的 不足 例如:of course, xxx give us/ bring us.....说一些对立 方的优点(所以后面B方案结尾就不用让步了)。在结尾最终 敲定你的观点也不迟。例如But, as xxx, we should / do not /we had better.总之,我们的body末端就像是在画一道九曲十八弯 的江水(说得有点夸张),但最终她是要流向大海的。3结 尾(A方案 = 让步 + 结论 B方案 = 结论)接A方案的结尾,让

步同样可以这样: of course, xxx give us.../ xxx, certainly, has its own merits/advantages. 后面 + 一大堆 " 一句话例子 " 。最 后however, for xxx, xxx, equipped with more merits likecan be more reasonably treated as a wiser choice./I therefore reinforce my standpoint to choose xxx as my final choice (for theto) 接B 方案的结尾中只有结论(因为前面body部分已经让步):一 定是转折开头but, as xxx, we had better......记住不一定用什么to sum up/in conclusion......有时候一个转折词更能体现鲜明的逻 辑关系,用别的反而模糊了。这样我们的B类的最后两段就分 别完成了让步和结论的功能。 当然,如果你没有时间了,我 这里同样有紧急方案,而且效果同样很好。这样地结尾只有 两个部分:in conclusion/ to sum up/in summery/from what has been discussed above, we may safely draw the conclusion that.../it is wiser... xxx has more/better(比较级), I hence/therefore reinforce my standpoint to choose xxx as the final choice for...我测了一下时 间,应该可以在一分钟之内搞定结尾。(旁白:不就是背么 ?!)二,比较类(两种事物或一个事物的两种情况比 较advantage and disadvantage) 开头同上,不过可以不写观点 : (我们加一种经典开头写观点的) since the announcement of xxx to do xxx(university 's plan to develop a new center), many people have showed their concern for the project and expressed their views of xxx. it is clear that the diversified views have converged to two: Now that we have to make a decision, I think we should choose the latter without hesitation. / But I prefer...中间:as everybody knows,in short,...... there are several reasons. first of all the second the third the reasons

above may can answer why I prefer to 结尾because of the above reasons, I strongly recommend that we 不写观点的开 头(很普便,提倡!!!): some people likewhile others... ...often It depends on the......Those who.....will choose/like They likewill prefer......然后分类陈述优点 倒数第二段就 要开始驳论,说出你选择的具有更多的优点:some people would say that然后根据这个驳论他。就是自己立个靶子 打。 结尾和其他的不一样了,要注意始终两边说,并可以有 也可以没有自己的偏向。Bothand are.......and both are...... I prefer.....because.....but people will make the choice that fit their lifestyle best. 大家都知道,比较类和 对立类区别不大,所以看看对立类的基本上两种就都能掌握 。不过要注意的是,这两种类型的文章 如果没提点对立面或 其他选择(包括让步),是不可能上4分的。(from redrock) 三,自定义类(自己的观点imagine....., why do you think... ...how can......) 个人认为自定义类是更自由一些,所以前面 的模板自然可以沿用,不过,自由就需要我们准备更多的例 子和更利于写作的选择。比如问题问你最希望见的历史人物 , 最愿意回到过去哪个地方哪个时候, 问你家里的哪个空间 在你看来最重要……最好把所有的题目都想一遍,如果时间 紧,也要把自定义类的好好想想,有备无患。 以上模板来自 一些可靠范文,经本人整理后得到。最后希望大家从这张帖 子中各取所需,本人才疏学浅,难免有不妥之处,希望大家 及时提出或发短信给我,我会及时改正。 编辑推荐:托福考 试历年真题词汇 2009年托福考试机经大汇总 09,2010托福考位 最新放出规律 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接下载 。详细请访问 www.100test.com