

2009年高考英语猜测与预见表达用语归纳 高考 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/630/2021_2022_2009_E5_B9_B4_E9_AB_98_c65_630512.htm

猜测通常表示说话人的一种主观判断，有时也表示一种客观存在的事实。 [高考真题] 1.

You know who came yesterday?(湖北2006) Yao Ming? We had a basketball match. _____ He came and watched the game. A.

You guessed it!B. How did you know that? C. Well done!D. That

was good news! 2. It ' s been raining for a whole week. I think it ' ll

get fine soon. _____. We are getting into the rainy season now.(

安徽2006) A. Yes, it willB. Of course not C. It ' s possibleD. It ' s

hard to say [答案与解析] 1. A。此处是对于对方的猜测表示的

一种肯定。You guessed it.表示“你猜对了。”英语中表示猜

测的句型有：I guess that I guess not. He must have done ...等

。 2. D。一方认为“天很快会转晴”，另一方则表示一种“

不肯定”的看法：很难说（It ' s hard to say.）。英语中表示不

十分肯定的表达法还有：It seems that It looks as if ... [巩固练

习] 1. The boys are not doing a good job at all, are they?

_____ . A. I guess not soB. I don ' t guess C. I don ' t guess

soD. I guess not 2. Tom graduated from college at a very young age.

_____ A. He is right. B. He must have been an excellent

student. C. You are wonderful. D. Do you see it? 3. Do you think it

' s going to rain over the weekend? _____ A. I don ' t

think.B. It looks so. C. I believe not.D. Are you sure? Key: 1-3 DBC

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