2010年职称英语考试综合类概括大意练习15职称英语考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/635/2021_2022_2010_E5_B9_ B4_E8_81_8C_c91_635918.htm Transport and Trade Transport is one of the aids to trade. By moving goods from places where they are plentiful to places where they are scarce, transport adds to their value. The more easily goods can be brought over the distance that separates producer and consumer, the better for trade. When there were no railways, no good roads, no canals, and only small sailing ships, trade was on a small scale. The great advances made in transport during the last two hundred years were accompanied by a big increase in trade. Bigger and faster ships enabled a trade in meat to develop between Britain and New Zealand, for instance. Quicker transport makes possible mass-production and big business , drawing supplies from , and selling goods to , all parts of the globe. Big factories could not exist without transport to carry the large number of workers they need to and from their homes. Big city stores could not have developed unless customers could travel easily from the suburbs and goods delivered to their homes. Big cities could not survive unless food could be brought from a distance. Transport also prevents waste. Much of the fish landed at the ports would be wasted if it could not be taken quickly to inland towns. Transport has given us a much greater variety of foods and goods since we no longer have to live on what is produced locally. Foods which at one time could be obtained only during a part of the year can now be obtained all through the year. Transport has raised the

standard of living. By moving fuel, raw materials, and even power
, as , for example , through electric cables , transport has led to
the establishment of industries and trade in areas where they would
have been impossible before. Districts and countries can concentrate
on making things which they can do better and more cheaply than
others and can then exchange them with one another. The cheaper
and quicker transport becomes, the longer the distance over which
goods can profitably be carried. Countries with poor transport have
a lower standard of living. Commerce requires not only the moving
of goods and people but also the carrying of messages and
information. Means of communication, like telephones, cables
and radio, send information about prices, supplies, and
changing conditions in different parts of the world. In this way,
advanced communication systems also help to develop trade. 练习
: 1. Paragraph 2 2. Paragraph 3 3.
Paragraph 4 4. Paragraph 5 A. Higher living
standard B. Importance of transport in trade C. Various means of
transport D. Birth of transport-related industries and trade E. Role of
information in trade F. Public transportation 5. The development of
modern means of transport 6. Only when goods can be
carried to all parts of the world quickly 7. Transport
has made it possible for people to eat whatever food they want
8. In the trade of modern society the transmission of
information plays as important a role as A. to send goods
to various parts of the world B. at any time during the year C. has
greatly promoted trade D. is it possible to produce on a large scale E.

the transport of goods F. it is possible to produce on a large scale 答案:BADECDBE 相关推荐:把职称英语页面加入收藏 2009年职称英语考试成绩查询汇总 2009年职称英语考试试题及答案点评专题 编辑推荐:为帮助广大学员有效备考,我们特推出了职称英语2010年网络辅导课程,相信会让大家有耳目一新的视听感受。现在报名职称英语辅导,赠送2009年精品课程及考试E币。点击查看详情》 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com