明察秋毫,提高抗干扰能力英语四级考试 PDF转换可能丢失 图片或格式,建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/637/2021_2022__E6_98_8E_E 5_AF_9F_E7_A7_8B_E6_c83_637122.htm (二)、炼就一双火眼 金睛,明察秋毫,提高抗干扰能力干扰选项常见特征顾名思 义,干扰项的目的就是扰乱考生思维,将思路引入歧途。细 节题中的干扰项较容易排除,只要发现选项有一处缺乏原文 事实的支持就可以排除。推理类题目和主旨类题目的干扰项 迷惑性更强一些。 一些选项可以根据主题直接排除,如说法 绝对的,违反客观事实/常识的。逻辑思路要清晰!逻辑判断 小练习 If Sarah were a concert pianist for a major orchestra, she would be famous. She is not a concert pianist since she is not famous. The conclusion above is unsound because the author does not consider that (A) Sarah could be a famous actress. (B) Sarah could be a violinist for a major orchestra. (C) Sarah could be a pianist with a rock group. (D) Sarah could be a concert pianist with a minor orchestra. 逻辑指代、范围、特征等等都可能被用来做文章。 要特别小心对待。 1.细节类题目 (1)无中生有: 凭空捏造原文 不存在的细节,以迷惑和干扰考生,制造的假象让考生怀疑 自己是否漏读了原文的相关信息。破解方法仍然是准确定位 有的是故意偏离主旨(通过通读的句子概括出的大意就可以 排除)(2)常识错位:干扰项是一些基本常识和我们对社会、 生活等方面一些问题的一般看法和认识,虽然符合客观现实 ,但并非文章所提及的或侧重的。 此类干扰项很容易导致粗 心错误,因为选项的说法符合我们的一般认识,使得干扰项 先入为主,误导了判断,忽略了要从原文验证。!!!谨防

喧宾夺主,越俎代庖!!!症状将一些常识带入思考,放松 甚至忘记了一切答案要以原文为依据。 特别提示:留意不 需看原文就能自圆其说的选项,这些选项通常为高度疑似错 误答案,需要提高警惕。(3)偷梁换柱:这是细节题干扰项 最常见的方法,是大多数同学由于粗心失分的地方。干扰项 利用了原文的一部分结构和词汇,但在一些位置换掉个别词 , 造成了语义的变化。 特别提示: 要留意选项各个句子成分 是否与原文表述的意义一致。地点,时间,方式,程度(副 词),性质(如形容词),甚至是主语和谓语都可能被偷换掉。 根本解决方法是细心求证选中的答案是否经得起原文的考验 这就要求我们在核对选项时需要把所有意群跟原文相应意 群逐一进行对比,只要有偷换意群的,就是错误选项。 学方法来描述就是正负得负。 细节题不要跟着感觉走! 不能 只凭一个单词的印象就选择答案! 必须去原文核实选项的每 一个成分! Example 1: Richard Satava, program manager for advanced medical technologies, has been a driving force in bringing virtual reality to medicine, where computers create a "virtual" or simulated environment for surgeons and other medical practitioners (从业者). "With virtual reality well be able to put a surgeon in every trench," said Satava. He envisaged a time when soldiers who are wounded fighting overseas are put in mobile surgical units equipped with computers. The computers would transmit images of the soldiers to surgeons back in the U.S. The surgeons would look at the soldier through virtual reality helmets (头盔) that contain a small screen displaying the image of the wound. The doctors would guide robotic instruments in the battlefield mobile surgical unit that

operate on the soldier. Although Satavas vision may be years away from standard operating procedure, scientists are progressing toward virtual reality surgery. 37. Richard Satava has visions of _____. A) using a remote-control technique to treat wounded soldiers fighting overseas B) wounded soldiers being saved by doctors wearing virtual reality helmets on the battlefield 【细节陷阱: 方式、地点】 C) wounded soldiers being operated on by specially trained surgeons D) setting up mobile surgical units overseas 提示:根据问题信息,判 断原文相关信息的位置。要善于利用各种举例、指代关系。 Example 2: Such acceptance of community responsibility is not unique to businesses in Japan. School principals in Japan have resigned when heir students committed major crimes after school hours. Even if they do not quit, Japanese executives will often accept primary responsibility in other ways, such as taking the first pay cut when a company gets into financial trouble. Such personal sacrifices, even if they are largely symbolic, help to create the sense of community and employee loyalty that is crucial to the Japanese way of doing business. 22. According to the passage if you want to be a good manager in Japan, you have to _____. A) apologize promptly for your subordinates mistakes B) be skillful in accepting blames from customers C) make symbolic sacrifices whenever necessary D) create a strong sense of company loyalty 启示:切勿 断章取义!抓住原文关键、挖掘要准确!解析原文要准确, 选项里每一个意群都要对照原文,核对是否有出入。 (4)推理 题和细节题里的推理类选项 夸大后果:对于原文中的细节或 论断的某方面程度(比如后果)进行了夸大处理。 如:某文章

可能提到Anxiety à mental stress的因果关系,但干扰项可能出现Anxious à mental disorder。 2.主旨类题目: 主旨归纳题 (1)以偏概全:在概括文章或段落大意时,用某一个段落的观点或细节冒充全文主要观点、中心思想的选项。也就是归纳概括的范围不足。 (2)主题扩大:归纳概括的范围过大,超过了文章讨论东西,与主旨大意是包含关系。 3.态度语气题: 干扰选项通常说法片面或偏激。 六级阅读所选文章通常是理性的说明和论证,具有较强逻辑性,作者对于所讨论专题的态度不会是极其偏激的。如目前只作为干扰项出现过的有arbitrary(武断的),subjective(主观的),prejudiced(有偏见的),indifferent等。而成为正确选项的最安全选项是concerned。 这类题目抓住基本特征,是属于必得的分数。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问www.100test.com