

用Oracle创建实例的参数需求实例解析Oracle认证考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/644/2021_2022__E7_94_A8Oracle_E5_c102_644871.htm "tbbnc">

我们知道，Oracle在启动过程中，需要读取参数文件(pfile/spfile)来创建实例。Oracle在启动过程中，寻找参数文件的顺序为: spfile.ora,spfile.ora,init.ora. 而创建实例的过程中，Oracle需要的最少参数为一个，

即db_name参数。我们来看一个测试,启动一个任意设置的实例,本例ORACLE_SID=julia: oracle@jumper dbs]\$ export

ORACLE_SID=julia [oracle@jumper dbs]\$ sqlplus "/ as sysdba"

SQL*Plus: Release 9.2.0.4.0 - Production on Mon May 8 11:08:36 2006 Copyright (c) 1982, 2002, Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. Connected to an idle instance. SQLgt. ! echo

"db_name=julia" gt. startup nomount. ORACLE instance started.

Total System Global Area 97588504 bytes Fixed Size 451864 bytes Variable Size 46137344 bytes Database Buffers 50331648 bytes Redo Buffers 667648 bytes 我们可以看一下缺省的各类文件的存储地点:

SQLgt. show parameter control_files NAME TYPE VALUE

----- control_files string

~/dbs/cntrl@.dbf 我们顺便看一下缺省的，警报日志中记录的信息:

oracle@jumper dbs]\$ cat

\$ORACLE_HOME/rdbms/log/alert_julia.log Mon May 8 11:09:04

2006 Starting ORACLE instance (normal) Mon May 8 11:09:04 2006

WARNING: EINVAL creating segment of size

0x0000000006400000 fix shm parameters in /etc/system or

equivalent LICENSE_MAX_SESSION = 0

LICENSE_SESSIONS_WARNING = 0 SCN scheme 2 Using
log_archive_dest parameter default value LICENSE_MAX_USERS
= 0 SYS auditing is disabled Starting up ORACLE RDBMS Version:
9.2.0.4.0. System parameters with non-default values: db_name =
julia PMON started with pid=2 DBW0 started with pid=3 LGWR
started with pid=4 CKPT started with pid=5 SMON started with
pid=6 RECO started with pid=7 更多优质资料尽在百考试题论
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