2010年在职会计硕士联考英语强化练习（010）会计硕士考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／644／2021＿2022＿2010＿E5＿B9＿ B4＿E5＿9C＿A8＿c74＿644472．htm International airlineshave rediscovered thebusinesstravelers，the man or woman who regularly jetsfrom country to country aspart of thejob．Thisdoesnot necessarily mean that airlinesever abandoned their businesstravelers． Indeed，companies like Lufthansa and Swissair would rightly argue that they have alwayscatered best for the executive classpassengers． But many linescould be accused of concentrating too heavily in the recent past on attracting passengersby volume，often at the expense of regular travelers．Too often，they have seemed geared for quantity rather than quality．O perating amajor airline in the 1980 sis essentially a matter of finding the right mix of passengers．The airlines need to fill up the back end of their wide bodied jetswith low fare passengers，without forgetting that the front end should befilled with peoplewho pay substantially morefor their tickets．It isno coincidence that the two major airlinebankruptciesin 1982 were among the companies specializing in cheap flights．But low fares require consistently full aircraft to makeflightseconomically viable， and in the recent recession the volume of traffic hasnot grown． Equally the large number of airlinesjostling for the available passengershascreated ahuge excess of capacity．The net result of excesscapacity and cutthroat competition driving down fareshas been to push some airlinesinto collapse and leavemany others hovering on the edge．A gainst thissevere background，it isno
surprise that airlinesare turning increasingly towardsthe business travelersto improve their rates of return. They have invested much time and effort to establish exactly what the executive demandsfor sitting apart from the tourists.H igh on the list of prioritiesis punctuality. an executive' stime ismoney. In- flight service is another areawhere the airlinesarejostling for the executive' s attention. The freedrinksand headsetsand better foodsare all part of the lure. 1 O ne criticism against many international airlinesisthat they have, in the recent past, $\qquad$ .A . catered for the more wealthy peopleB. given preferential treatment to executive clientsC . only met the needsof the regular travelersD . marketed their service with the massesin mind 2 . W ith the intention of attracting a somewhat different type of passengers, the airlineshave now begun to concentrate on $\qquad$ . A . providing facilitiesenabling business travelersto work on board $B$. ensuring that the facilities offered the executivesare indeed superior C . organizing activitiesin which first- class passengerscan participate D . installing sleeping compartmentswhere more privacy isensured 3. From the passage we can infer that $\qquad$ .A . asuccessful airline in the 1980smeets the needsnot only of the massesbut also of the wealthy passengersB
. it ismore comfortable for passengersto sit in the back of jet planes C . businesstravelersdisike regular touristsD . only by specializing in cheap flightscan airlinesavoid bankruptcy 4. The caæe that " the two major airline bankruptcies in 1982were among the companies specializing in cheap flights" implicates $\qquad$ . A\#333333 , the airlinesshould not pay more attention to the regular passengersB
．airlinesfor low faresmust keep aconstant stream of passengersin order to stay viableC．the airlinesshould pay more attention to the businesspassengersD．low fareswould make companies bankrupted 5．In Paragraph 5，＂in－flight service＂means $\qquad$ ． A．service on the plane100T est下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www．100test．com

