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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/644/2021_2022__E5_A4_A7_E5_AD_A6_E8_8B_B1_E8_c83_644166.htm Question 11 to 15 are based on the following passage: 11. The authors main purpose in writing the passage is to _____. A) teach children how to learn to produce and experience certain emotion B) give the general reader an account of two basic kinds of learning C) give parents some advice on how to modify their childrens emotions through learning D) discuss with psychologist how positive and negative feelings are produced 12.If your jokes often find already echo in a person, you will learn though _____ that telling jokes to this person is fun, and you will try with greater efforts to be humorous in his presence. A) classical conditioning B) operant conditioning C) neither of them D) some other sorts of conditioning 13. If a child is bitten or startled several times by a dog, he may learn to associate furry animals with pain or startle and thus develop a fear of furry animals. This is a typical example of learning through _____. A) classical conditioning B) operant conditioning C) both of them D) neither of them 14. In the third paragraph, the author is _____. A) discussing how we grow and have new experiences every day B) talking about learning to modify emotions through operant conditioning C) concentrating on learning by reading, watching television, interacting with people, and so on D) using examples to further illustrate learning through classical conditioning 15. In the following paragraphs the author will most probably go on to discuss _____. A) definitions of positive

feelings and negative feelings B) the third kind of learning C) further examples of learning through operant conditioning D) none of the above In the same way that a child must be able to move his arms and legs before he can learn to walk, the child must physiologically be capable of producing and experiencing particular emotions before these emotions can be modified through learning. Psychologists have found that there are two basic processes by which learning takes place. One kind of learning is called "classical conditioning". This occurs when one event or stimulus is consistently paired with, or followed by, a reward or punishment, It is through classical conditioning that a child learns to associate his mothers face and voice with happiness and love, for he learns that this person provides food and comfort. Negative emotions are learned in a similar fashion. 注：1.physiologically 生理的， mental / phycological 心理的 2.modify 修改、改变； pair with 伴随 3.it is ...that 强调介词状语结构 分类型文章： 1.分为几类就是文章主题 2.抓住各类主体词/基本特征词（通常为动词） 3.多余段落通常例证某一类 The second kind of learning is called "operant conditioning." This occurs when an individual learns to do things that produce rewards in his environment and learns not to do things that produce punishments. For example, if a mother always attends to her baby when he cries and cuddles him until he is quiet, she may teach him that if he cries he will get attention from mother. Thus, the baby will learn to increase his crying in order to have his mother more. 注： 1.operant 操作型的，词源 operate 2.cuddle 拥抱 3.第一种 classical conditioning：联系而去做；第二种 operant

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