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Gre难句的典型结构：1、长成分 1)、长从句做主语、宾语及其他成分 a、主语从句 b、宾语从句来源：考试大的美女编辑们 2)、长状语 3)、层层修饰 4)、并列成分 2、常见倒装搭配 (1)、及物动词加介词：固定词组的固定搭配中，经常出现倒装情况，如：bring A to B，写作：bring to B A 例：Yet Waltzer ' s argument , however deficient , does point to one of the most serious weaknesses of capitalism-namely , that it brings to predominant positions in a society people who ,no matter how legitimately they have earned their material rewards , often lack those other qualities that evoke affection or admiration.百考试题论坛 类似的情况：throw over , insert into , import into , infer from, establish for , advocate as 等 (2) 及物动词加副词 例：make possible ... (单词或者句子) 3、省略的几种情况 (1)、重复的成分 (2)、让步转折的省略：如although (but) (3)、定语从句引导词的省略which(that) (4)、定语从句的引导词和系动词同时省略，变成后置定语如：qualities(such as “ the capacity for hard work ”) essential in producing wealth 4、短语被分割：如：such as, so that , too to , more than , from A to B , between A and B 5、多重否定：如：Despite these vague categories , one should not claim unequivocally that hostility between recognizable classes cannot be legitimately observed . 相关推荐：#0000ff>谈谈GRE考试中的阅读潜规则 #0000ff>GRE阅读题型细节题解析 为了能及时获取2011年gre考

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