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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/644/2021_2022_2011_E5_B9_ B4_E5_85_AC_c88_644888.htm 2011年公共英语一级考试阅读 基础精选(14)。百考试题#0000ff>公共英语一级考试站为您 接下来的考试做足准备,一举拿下公共英语一级考试! Passage Fourteen (Antarctica and Environment) Antarctica has actually become a kind of space station - a unique observation post for detecting important changes in the world 's environment. Remote from major sources of pollution and the complex geological and ecological systems that prevail elsewhere, Antarctica makes possible scientific measurements that are often sharper and easier to interpret than those made in other parts of the world. Growing numbers of scientists therefore see Antarctica as a distant-early-warning sensor, where potentially dangerous global trends may be spotted before they show up to the north. One promising field of investigation is glaciology. Scholars from the United States, Switzerland, and France are pursuing seven separate but related projects that reflect their concern for the health of the West Antarctic Ice Sheet - a concern they believe the world at large should share.来源:百考试题的美女编辑们 The Transantarctic Mountain, some of them more than 14,000 feet high, divide the continent into two very different regions. The part of the continent to the "east" of the mountains is a high plateau covered by an ice sheet nearly two miles thick. "West" of the mountain, the half of the continent south of the Americas is also covered by an ice sheet,

but there the ice rests on rock that is mostly well below sea level. If the West Antarctic Ice Sheet disappeared, the western part of the continent would be reduced to a sparse cluster of island. While ice and snow are obviously central to many environmental experiments, others focus on the mysterious "dry valley" of Antarctica, valleys that contain little ice or snow even in the depths of winter. Slashed through the mountains of southern Victoria Land, these valleys once held enormous glaciers that descended 9,000 feet from the polar plateau to the Ross Sea. Now the glaciers are gone, perhaps a casualty of the global warming trend during the 10,000 years since the ice age. Even the snow that falls in the dry valleys is blasted out by vicious winds that roars down from the polar plateau to the sea. Left bare are spectacular gorges, rippled fields of sand dunes, clusters of boulders sculptured into fantastic shapes by 100-mile-an-hour winds, and an aura of extraterrestrial desolation. Despite the unearthly aspect of the dry valleys, some scientists believe they may carry a message of hope of the verdant parts of the earth. Some scientists believe that in some cases the dry valleys may soak up pollutants faster than pollutants enter them. 1. What is the best title for this passage? [A] Antarctica and environmental Problems. [B] Antarctica: Earth 's Early-Warning station. [C] Antarctica: a Unique Observation Post. [D] Antarctica: a Mysterious Place. 2. What would the result be if the West Antarctic Ice Sheet disappeared? [A] The western part of the continent would be disappeared. [B] The western part of the continent would be reduced. [C] The western part of the continent would become scattered Islands. [D] The western part of the

continent would be reduced to a cluster of Islands. 3. Why are the Dry Valleys left bare? [A] Vicious wind blasts the snow away. [B] It rarely snows. [C] Because of the global warming trend and fierce wind. [D] Sand dunes. 4. Which of the following is true? [A] The "Dry Valleys" have nothing left inside. [B] The "Dry Valleys" never held glaciers. [C] The "Dry Valleys" may carry a message of hope for the verdant. [D] The "Dry Valleys" are useless to scientists. #ff0000>点击查看答案及译文解析》》相关推荐: #0000ff>2011年公共英语一级考试阅读基础精选 #0000ff>公共 英语一级阅读填空命题研究 #0000ff>公共英语一级PETS1考试 单项填空高分全攻略 #0000ff>2011公共英语一级单项填空解题 技巧实例分析 编辑推荐: #0000ff>2010年下半年公共英语考 试成绩查询汇总 #0000ff>2011年全国公共英语(pets)等级考试 注意事项 #0000ff>2011年全国公共英语(pets)等级考试免考规 定 更多相关信息:#0000ff>公共英语考后晒分区,#0000ff>公 共英语考试辅导! 100Test 下载频道开通, 各类考试题目直接 下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com