考研英语真题阅读理解试题及名师解析(十五) 考研频道 PDF 转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022__E8_80_83_E 7_A0_94_E8_8B_B1_E8_c73_645656.htm To paraphrase 18th-century statesman Edmund Burke, " all that is needed for the triumph of a misguided cause is that good people do nothing. " One such cause now seeks to end biomedical research because of the theory that animals have rights ruling out their use in research. Scientists need to respond forcefully to animal rights advocates, whose arguments are confusing the public and thereby threatening advances in health knowledge and care. Leaders of the animal rights movement target biomedical research because it depends on public funding, and few people understand the process of health care research. Hearing allegations of cruelty to animals in research settings, many are perplexed that anyone would deliberately harm an animal. For example, a grandmotherly woman staffing an animal rights booth at a recent street fair was distributing a brochure that encouraged readers not to use anything that comes from or is animals no meat, no fur, no medicines, Asked if she opposed immunizations, she wanted to know if vaccines come from animal research. When assured that they do, she replied, "Then I would have to say yes. " Asked what will happen when epidemics return, she said, "Don't worry, scientists will find some way of using computers. "Such well-meaning people just dont understand. Scientists must communicate their message to the public in a

compassionate, understandable wayin human terms, not in the

language of molecular biology. We need to make clear the connection between animal research and a grandmothers hip replacement, a fathers bypass operation, a babys vaccinations, and even a pets shots. To those who are unaware that animal research was needed to produce these treatments, as well as new treatments and vaccines, animal research seems wasteful at best and cruel at worst. Much can be done. Scientists could "adopt "middle school classes and present their own research. They should be quick to respond to letters to the editor, lest animal rights misinformation go unchallenged and acquire a deceptive appearance of truth. Research institutions could be opened to tours, to show that laboratory animals receive humane care. Finally, because the ultimate stakeholders are patients, the health research community should actively recruit to its cause not only well-known personalities such as Stephen Cooper, who has made courageous statements about the value of animal research, but all who receive medical treatment. If good people do nothing there is a real possibility that an uninformed citizenry will extinguish the precious embers of medical progress. 26. The author begins his article with Edmund Burkes words to [A] call on scientists to take some actions. [B] criticize the misguided cause of animal rights. [C] warn of the doom of biomedical research。 [D] show the triumph of the animal rights movement。 27. Misled people tend to think that using an animal in research is [A] cruel but natural。 [B] inhuman and unacceptable。 [C] [D] pointless and wasteful。 28. The inevitable but vicious. example of the grandmotherly woman is used to show the public 's

[A] discontent with animal research。 [B] ignorance about medical science。 [C] indifference to epidemics。 [D] anxiety about animal rights。 29. The author believes that, in face of the challenge from animal rights advocates, scientists should [A] communicate more with the public。 [B] employ hi-tech means in research。 [C] feel no shame for their cause。 [D] strive to develop new cures。 30. From the text we learn that Stephen Cooper is [A] a well-known humanist。 [B] a medical practitioner。 [C] an enthusiast in animal rights。 [D] a supporter of animal research。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com