

四级考试非谓动词搭配英语四级考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022__E5_9B_9B_E7_BA_A7_E8_80_83_E8_c83_645326.htm rrrrr"> 一、有的动词

其后可以跟动名词，例如：--I really appreciate having time to relax. --Have you considered getting a job abroad? 这些动词常见的有：admit, appreciate, avoid, break off, cease, commence, confess, consider, contemplate, continue, delay, deny, deserve, detest, dislike, dread, endure, enjoy, escape, excuse, face, (not) fancy, feel like, finish, forgive, give up, can't help, imagine, involve, justify, leave off, mention, mind, miss, postpone, practice, put off, quit, recall, recommend, require, resent, resist, resume, risk, (can't) stand, suggest, take up, understand 二、有的动词其后可以带不定式作宾语，例如：--I can't afford to buy her a new dress. --Jack hates to miss the train.百考试题 - 全国最大教育类网站(www.Examda.com) 这些动词常见的有：dread, hate, like, love, prefer, begin, cease, commence, continue, start, forget, remember, regret, choose, hope, intend, mean, plan, propose, want, wish, help, scorn, venture, ask, beg, decline, demand, offer, promise, refuse, swear, undertake, affect, claim, profess, afford, attempt, contrive, endeavor, fail, learn, manage, neglect, omit, try等。 三、有的动词其后既可以带不定式，也可以跟动名词，一定要注意所表示意思的区别。 相关推荐：名师指导四六级口语备考思路 名师教你12招破解四六级口语考试 四六级口语提问中常见169个问题 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com