

大学英语四级考试对固定结构的考查英语四级考试 PDF转换
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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022__E5_A4_A7_E5_AD_A6_E8_8B_B1_E8_c83_645366.htm vbvav"> 对固定结构的考查如：

the professor could hardly find sufficient grounds _____ his arguments in favor of the new theory. (2000. 6) a. to be based on b. to base on c. which to base on d. on which to base

the pressure _____ causes americans to be energetic , but it also puts them under a constant emotional strain. a. to compete b. competing 采集者退散 c. to be competed d. having competed

题为不定式做定语的固定形式，答案为d， 题为某些特定名词的定语结构，答案为a。在英语中有些名词，如动词变来的名词，形容词变来的名词，以及means, way, time, moment, reason等要求其后用不定式做定语，不定式没有体的变化。

4) 做状语的非谓语动词的选择 做状语的非谓语动词主要考查其各种形式的选择，如： _____ the earth to be flat , many feared that columbus would fall off the edge of the earth. (1996. 6) a. having believed b. believing c. believed d . being believed

_____ a teacher in a university , it is necessary to have at least a master ' s degree. (1995. 1) a. to become b. become c. one becomes d. on becoming

realizing that he hadn ' t enough money and _____ to borrow from his father , he decided to sell his watch. (1995. 1) a. not wanted b. no to want c. not wanting d. wanting not

_____ it or not , his discovery has created a stir in scientific circles. (1997. 1) a. believe b. to believe c. believing d. believed

从以上各题来看

，考查的侧重点有：(1)状语类别的判断 不同的状语对非谓动词的要求不同，目的状语要求用不定式，如 。(2)非谓动词与句子属于之间的逻辑关系 根据主谓关系或动宾关系的不同来确定用现在分词还是用过去分词。(3)非谓动词的否定形式 not否定非谓动词时置于非谓动词之前，如 。(4)独立成分 有些非谓动词的使用不受与句子主语关系的限制，称为独立成分，这类成分只记忆即可。如：generally speaking，judging from.....，to tell the truth.....，等。(5)做补足语的非谓动词的选择 相关推荐：大学英语四级阅读超级攻略 英语四级词汇：常用动词固定搭配 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com