2010年6月英语六级考试阅读理解训练题(3)英语六级考试 PDF 转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao\_ti2020/645/2021\_2022\_2010\_E5\_B9\_ B46\_E6\_9C\_c84\_645654.htm Lesson3 22. According to the passage, the experience of helplessness causes rats to \_\_\_\_\_. A) try to control unpleasant stimuli B) turn off the electricity C) become abnormally suspicious D) behave passively in controllable situations 注:定位第二段But之后那句话百考试题论坛 23. The reason why the mice in Aders experiment avoided saccharin was that \_\_\_\_\_ . A) they disliked its taste B) it affected their immune systems C) it led to stomach pains D) they associated it with stomachaches 22. The first paragraph is mainly about \_\_\_\_\_. (A) the teenagers criticism of their parents (B) misunderstandings between teenagers and their parents (C) the dominance of the parents over their children (D) the teenagers ability to deal with crises 注:段落主旨 , B和C只说了一部分。 It is natural for young people to be critical of their parents at times and to blame them for most of the misunderstandings between them. They have always complained, more or less justly, that their parents are out of touch with modern ways. that they are possessive and dominant that they do not trust their children to deal with crises. that they talk too much about certain problems and that they have no sense of humour, at least in parent-child relationships. I think it is true that parents often underestimate their teenage children and also forget how they themselves felt when young. Young people often irritate their parents with their choices in clothes and hairstyles, in entertainers and music.

This is not their motive. They feel cut off from the adult world into which they have not yet been accepted. So they create a culture and society of their own. Then, if it turns out that their music or entertainers or vocabulary or clothes or hairstyles irritate their parents, this gives them additional enjoyment. They feel they are superior, at least in a small way, and that they are leaders in style and taste. 注: 1. critical吹毛求疵的,很重要的40. The main idea of this passage is that \_\_\_\_\_. (A) attention must be directed to the improvement of recreative possibilities (B) better use of greenspace facilities should be made so as to improve the quality of our life (C) the urban environment is providing more recreation activities than it did many years ago (D) priority must be given to the development of obligatory activities Greenspace facilities are contributing to an important extent to the quality of the urban environment. Fortunately it is no longer necessary that every lecture or every book about this subject has to start with the proof of this idea. At present, it is generally accepted, although more as a self-evident statement than on the base of a closely-reasoned scientific proof. The recognition of the importance of greenspaces in the urban environment is a first step on the right way, this does not mean, however, that sufficient details are known about the functions of greenspace in towns and about the way in which the inhabitants are using these spaces. As to this rather complex subject I shall, within the scope of this lecture, enter into one aspect only, namely the recreative function of greenspace facilities. 注:GF对城乡环境有重要的贡献。 The theoretical separation of living, working, traffic and recreation which

for many years has been used in town-and-country planning, has in my opinion resulted in disproportionate attention for forms of recreation far from home, whereas there was relatively little attention for improvement of recreative possibilities in the direct neighbourhood of the home. We have come to the conclusion that this is not right, because an important part of the time which we do not pass in sleeping or working, is used for activities at and around home. So it is obvious that recreation in the open air has to begin at the street-door of the house. The urban environment has to offer as many recreation activities as possible, and the design of these has to be such that more obligatory activities can also have a recreative aspect. The very best standard of living is nothing if it is not possible to take a pleasant walk in the district, if the children cannot be allowed to play in the streets, because the risks of traffic are too great, if during shopping you can nowhere find a spot for enjoying for a moment the nice weather, in short, if you only feel yourself at home after the street-door of your house is closed after you. 23. The passage mainly deals with \_\_\_\_\_. (A) the life span of the Mojave shrimps (B) the survival of desert shrimps (C) the importance of water to life (D) life in the Mojave Desert 注:三段出现shrimp, 说明本文主要讲shrimp,排除C和D,A选项life span没出现过 There are desert plants which survive the dry season in the form of inactive seeds. There are also desert insects which survive as inactive larvae (幼虫). In addition, difficult as it is to believe, there are desert fish which can survive through years of drought (干旱) in the form

of inactive eggs. These are the shrimps (小虾) that live in the Mojave

Desert, an intensely dry region in the south-west of the United States where shade temperatures of over 50C are often recorded. The eggs of the Mojave shrimps are the size and have the appearance of grains of sand. When sufficient spring rain falls to form a lake, once every two to five years, these eggs hatch (孵化). Then the water is soon filled with millions of tiny shrimps about a millimetre long which feed on tiny plant and animal organisms which also grow in the temporary desert lake. Within a week, the shrimps grow from their original 1 millimetre to a length of about 1.5 centimetres.

Throughout the time that the shrimps are rapidly maturing, the water in the lake equally rapidly evaporates. Therefore, for the shrimps it is a race against time. By the twelfth day, however, when they are about 3 centimetre long, hundreds of tiny eggs form on the underbodies of the females. Usually by this time, all that remains of the lake is a large, muddy patch of wet soil. On the thirteenth day and the next, during the final hours of their brief lives, the shrimps lay their eggs in the mud. Then, having ensured that their species will survive, the shrimps die as the last of the water evaporates. If sufficient rain falls the next year to form another lake, the eggs hatch, and once again the shrimps pass rapidly through their cycle of growth, adulthood, egg-laying, and death. Some years there is insufficient rain to form a lake: in this case, the eggs will remain dormant for another years, or even longer if necessary. Very, very occasionally, perhaps twice in a hundred years, sufficient rain falls to form a deep lake that lasts a month or more. In this case, the species passes through two cycles of growth, egg-laying, and death. Thus, on such occasions, the species

multiplies considerably, which further ensures its survival. 40. The most appropriate title for the passage would be \_\_\_\_\_. (A) The well-being of Career Women (B) Sources of Mastery and Pleasure (C) Two Aspects of Womens Well-Being (D) Freedom Roles Women in Society 注:A选项career缩小了范围,B选项没出 现woman , 扩大了选项 In our culture, the sources of what we call a sense of "mastery" ---feeling important and worth-while-and the sources of what we call a sense "pleasure"-finding life enjoyable-are not always identical. Women often are told "You cant have it all." Sometimes what the speaker really is saying is: "You chose a career, so you cant expect to have closer relationships or a happy family life." or "You have a wonderful husband and children--Whats all this about wanting a career?" But women need to understand and develop both aspects of well-being, if they are to feel good about themselves. Our study shows that, for women, well-being has two dimensions. One is mastery, which includes self-esteem (自尊), a sense of control over your life, and low levels of anxiety and depression. Mastery is closely related to the "doing" side of life, to work and activity. Pleasure is the other dimensions, and it is composed of happiness, satisfaction and optimism (乐观). It is tied more closely to the "feeling" side of life. The two are independent of each other. A woman could be high in mastery and low in pleasure, and vice versa. For example, a woman who has a good job, but whose mother has just died, might be feeling very good about herself and in control of her work life, but the pleasure side could be damaged for a time. The concepts of mastery and pleasure can help

us identify the sources of well-being for women, and remedy past mistakes. In the past, women were encouraged to look only at the feeling side of life as the source of all well-being. But we know that both mastery and pleasure are critical. And mastery seems to be achieved largely through work. In our study, all the groups of employed women rated significantly higher in mastery than did women who were not employed. A womans well-being is enhanced ( 增进) when she takes on multiple roles. At least by middle adulthood, the women who were involved in a combination of roles-marriages, motherhood, and employment were the highest in well-being, despite warnings about stress and strain. 30. The best tittle for the passage would be\_\_\_\_\_. A) Apples Efforts so Stay Ahead of IBM B) Apples New Computer Technology C) Apples New personal Computers D) Apples Research Activities The competition among producers of personal computers is essentially a race to get the best, most innovative products to the marketplace. Marketers in this environment frequently have to make a judgement as to their competitors role when making marketing strategy decisions. If major competitors are changing their products, then a marketer may want to follow suit to remain competitive. Apple Computer, Inc. has introduced two new, faster person computers, the Macintosh II and Macintosh SE, in anticipation of the introduction of a new PC by IBM, one of Apple s major competitors. Apple s new computers are much faster and more powerful than its earlier models. The improved Macintosh is able to run programs that previously were impossible to run on an Apple PC, including

IBM-compatible programs. This compatibility feature illustrates computer manufacturers new attitude of giving customers the features they want. Malting Apple computers capable of running IBM software is Apple s effort at making the Mackintosh compatible with IBM computers and thus more popular in the office, where Apple hopes to increase sales, Users of the new Apple can also add accessories to make their machines specialize in specific uses, such as engineering and writing. The new computers represent a big improvement over past models, but they also cost much more. Company officials do not think the higher price will slow down buyers who want to step up to a more powerful computer. Apple wants to stay in the high price end of the personal computer marker to finance research for even faster, more sophisticated computers. Even though Apple and IBM are major competitors, both companies realize that their competitors computers have certain features that their own models do not. The Apple line has always been popular for its sophisticated color graphics, where-as the IBM machines have always been favored in offices. In the future, there will probably be more compatibility between the two companies products, which no doubt will require that both Apple and IBM change marketing strategies. 25. Which of the following would be the best title for the passage? A) Computers and the Knowledge Society. B) Service industries in Modern Society. C) Features and Implications of the New Era. D) Rapid Advancement of information Technology 注:一个选项能概括每一段的内容或者大多数段 的内容,即看每段首句。主旨题的迷惑选项:末段内容、细

节内容、加词缩小范围,减词扩大范围。 A new era is upon us. Call it what you will: the service economy, the information age, the knowledge society. It all translates to a fundamental change in the way we work. Already we re partly there. The percentage of people who earn their living by making things has fallen dramatically in the Western World. Today the majority of jobs in America, Europe and Japan (two thirds or more in many of these countries) are in the service industry, and the number is on the rise. More women are in the work force than ever before. There are more part-time jobs. More people are self-employed. But the breadth of the economic transformation can t be measured by numbers alone, because it also is giving rise to a radical new way of thinking about the nature of work itself. Long-held notions about jobs and careers, the skills needed to succeed, even the relation between individuals and employers-all these are being challenged. We have only to look behind to get some sense of what may lie ahead. No one looking ahead 20 years possibly could have foreseen the ways in which a single invention, the chip, would transform our world thanks to its applications in personal computers, digital communications and factory robots. Tomorrow s achievements in biotechnology, artificial intelligence or even some still unimagined technology could produce a similar wave of dramatic changes. But one thing is certain: information and knowledge will become even more vital, and the people who possess it, whether they work in manufacturing or services, will have the advantage and produce the wealth. Computer knowledge will become as basic a requirement as the ability to read

and write. The ability to solve problems by applying information instead of performing routine tasks will be valued above all else. If you cast your mind ahead 10 years, information services will be predominant. It will be the way you do your job. 25. Which of the following best summarized the main idea of the passage? A) Musical instruments developed through the years will sooner later be replaced by computers. B) cannot be passed on to future generation unless it is recorded. C) Folk songs cannot spread far unless they are printed on music sheets D) The development of music culture is highly dependent or its material aspect 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com