2010年6月英语六级考试王长喜标准阅读（第46篇）英语六级考试PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／645／2021＿2022＿2010＿E5＿B9＿ B46＿E6＿9C＿C84＿645699．htm 第46篇 ：（U nit 13，Passage 1）You stare at waterfall for a minute or two，and then shift your gaze to its surroundings W hat you now se appearsto drift upward．These optical illusionsoccur because the brain isconstantly matching its model of reality to signalsfrom thebody＇ssensorsand interpreting what must be happeningthat your brain must have moved，not the other．that downward motionsisnow normal，so achange from it must now be perceived asupward motion．The sensorsthat make thismaric are of two kinds Each eye containsabout 120 million rods，which provide somewhat blurry black and white vision．These are the windows of night vision．once adapted to the dark，they can detect a candle burning ten milesaway．Color vision in each eye comesfrom six to seven million structurescalled cones．U nder ideal conditions，every cone can＂se＂the entire rainbow spectrum of visible colors，but one type of cone ismost sensitive to red，another to green，athird to blue．Rodsand conessend their messegespulsing an averəge 20 to 25 timesper second along the optic nerve．We see an image for a fraction of asecond longer than it actually appears．In movies，reels of still photographsare projected onto screensat 24 framesper second，tricking our eyesinto seing a continuous moving picture．Like apparent motion，color vision isalso subject to unusual effects．W hen day givesway to night，twilight bringswhat the poet T．S．Eliot called＂the violet hour．＂A light levelsfall，the rods
become progressively lessresponsive．Rodsare most sensitive to the shorter wavelengthsof blue and green，and they impart astrange vividnessto the garden＇sblue flowers．However，look at awhite shirt during the reddish light of sunset，and you＇II still see it in its ＂true＂colorwhite，not red．O ur eyesare constantly comparing an object ægainst itssurroundings．They therefore observe the effect of a shift in the color of illuminating on both，and adjust accordingly．The eyescan distinguish several million graduationsof light and shade of color．Each waking second they flash tens of millions of pieces of information to the brain，which weavesthem incessantly into a picture of the world around us．Yet all thisisdone at the back of each eye by afabric of sensors，called the retina，about aswide and asthick as apostage stamp．A sthe Renaissance inventor and artist Leonardo daV inci wrote in wonder，＂W ho would believe that so small a space could contain the imæges of all the universe？＇1Visual illusionsoften take place when the image of reality is $\qquad$ ．A ．matched to six to seven million structurescalled cones B．confused in the body＇ssensorsof both rodsand cones C．interpreted in the brain aswhat must be the cæe．D．signaled by about 120 million rodsin the eye．2．he visual sensor that iscapable of distinguishing shades of color iscalled $\qquad$ ．A ．conesB．color vision C ．rodsD ．spectrum 3．T he retina send pulsesto the brain $\qquad$ ．A in short wavelengthsB．ascolor picturesC．by aganglion cellwww．E xamda．CoM 考试就到百考试题 D．along theoptic nerve．4．T wenty－four still photographsare made into a continuousmoving picture just because $\qquad$ ．A the image we se usually stayslonger than it actually appears．B．we æe an
object in comparison with itssurroundings．C．the eyescatch million pieces of information continuously．D．rodsand conessend messages 20 to 25 timesasecond．5．The author＇spurpose in writing the passage liesin $\qquad$ ．A ．showing that we sometimesare deceived by our own eyes B．informing usabout the different functionsof the eye organs．C．regretting that we are too sow in the study of eyes．
D．marveling at the great work doneby the retina．第46篇答案
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