

2010年6月英语六级(A卷)答案全解析(王迈迈) PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

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1.A由文中第一段第一句“ As Erin White watched the election results head towards victory for Barack Obama,she felt a burden lifting from her shoulders. ”可知她感到轻松了一些，答案为A。 2.C本题问在选举前,Erin White被什么问题困扰。由文中第二段第二句“ But there had always been these things in the back of my mind questioning whether I really can be who I want. ”选项C正是这句话的同义复现，答案为C。来源：考试大的美女编辑们 3.B本题问Ashby Plant 研究的焦点是什么。由文中第四段“ Ashby Plant is one of a number of psychologists who seized on Obamas candidacy to test hypotheses about the power of role models. ”容易得出答案为B) The power of role models. 4.D本题由“ Ray Friedman and his colleagues ”可知答案在第五、六段：“ the Obama effect can be surprisingly immediate and powerful ” “ When the obama fever was at its height,however,the black participants performed much better. ”由此，只有D是正确答案。 5.C本题问Brian Nosek 初步的结果表明什么。由文中第十二段“ However,his preliminary results suggest that change will be much slower coming than Plants results suggest. ”可知C为正确答案。 6.B本题由关键词“ A negative side of the Obama effect ”可知答案在文中第十四段，“ The Obama effect may have a negative side.Just one week after...before the election. ”可知答案为B。 7.D本题问Cheryl Kaiser 认为人们应该始终记住什么。目光移向文中第十五段最后一句“ Those

trying to address issues of racial inequality need to constantly remind people of the inequalities that still exist to counteract the Obama effect,she says. ”可知答案为D，种族间的不平等仍然存在。

8.other women根据文章第十七段 “Theres no reason we wouldnt ... So the election of a female leader might have a downside for other women. ”应填other women。

9.political sentiment根据文章第十八段 “We also dont yet know how long the Obama effectboth...Political sentiment is notoriously changeable. ”可知应填political sentiment。

10.stereotypes根据文章最后一段 “We think it happens to help people preserve their beliefs,so they can still hold on to the previous stereotypes. ”应填stereotypes。

11.D从对话中可知是男士忘记将女士从图书馆借来的书带来，所以A、B项错误。而女士的回答是到 “Friday night ” 需要用它，而不是 “any more ”，C项错误。

12.B医生认为病人所说的症状是因为 “spending too much time indoors ”,言下之意是建议病人 “spend more time outdoors ”。

13.A从 “Ive heard...” 可知这位女士并没有买这种T-shirt.而文中没有提及logo的时尚问题，女士的话是不支持男士想买这种T-shirt的做法。

14.C女士的意思是他的观点使她信服 (convince)，但男士说 “...you and I are definitely in the minority ”,只有少数人的观点和他们相同，也就是说多数人不支持。

15.B女士的建议是，在向她道歉之前应 “...let her cool off a few days ”,让她冷静一段时间。

16.C此题与女士的回答无关，从男士的问话中即可知道答案，他寻问的是照相机的 “batteries ”。

17.B从对话中可以看出女士对这场比赛不是很感兴趣，所以她不会 “feels lucky ”。她的建议是这位男士可以 “have it for what it cost me ”,it即

是ticket,也就是以常价卖给他。 18.D从男士的问话“ Can you bring...”中可以看出,他是让女士将suit and tie带来,自己并不打算回家, B项错;文中女士并未提到要去买衣服, A项错;他们穿得正式是因为这是States Infinite Orchestra在这个城市的第一次演出, C项错。 19.A根据对话中女士的提问:“ So youre not sure which to go for?”以及男士的回答:“ Thats it.”可知男士目前不确定自己将选择哪份工作。故答案是A。

20.D对话原文中女士说:“ The Polytechnics are all adults and mostly preparation for exams, like the Cambridge certificates.”可以推断出综合性工艺学校的学生都是成年人。而A、B、C项所表达的意义与原文不符;故答案D正确。 21.B根据对话中女士所说:“ Well, that sounds very much more varied interesting.”可知女士认为语言学校的工作既丰富多样又有趣。 22.C由对话中女士开始所说:“ Good evening, and welcome to the tonights edition of Legendary Lives.”可知女士正在主持一档电视节目。故答案C) Hosting a television show. 符合题意。 23.D此题为细节把握题,要听出男士所说:“ because his mother passed away just four years later. Janes father sent him back to Indian.”答案D项符合题意。 24.A根据对话中男士所说:“ then he went to college in California where he got seriously into acting.”可知A项正确。 25.A对话最后,女士提问:“ So what made him the legend he still is today?”以及男士肯定回答可推断出答案A项正确, C项原文未提及,而B、D项表意错误。 26.C根据听力材料中,“ ..., crashed into a hill side as it circled while preparing to land.”可知C项正确。 27.B这是一段新闻,从第一句“ held by kidnappers...for the past 8 months”可以得出答案

为B。 28.A从文中“ These follow successful talks...which resulted in a new agreement...”可知The management和Union representatives达成了一致的协议。但并没有具体谈到协议的内容，不要误选B. 29.C这段新闻较短，从最后一句，“ rain would spread...by midnight ”可得出答案为C。 30.C从第二句“ From his audience...of anything about geology ”可知答案为C，很少人了解地质学。 31.C从文中句子“ he decided to begin by noting...in American history...”可知答案为C，几乎是原句。 32.A从文中倒数第3句“ ‘ Stop me. ’ he said, ‘ any time I say something you dont understand. ’ ”可以知道答案为A，不懂时就打断他的话。 33.D这是一道主旨题。作者给我们介绍了Esperanto是不同语种的人们之间的一种交流的工具，答案为D。 34.A从“ Despite arguments and disagreement,...in more than 80 countries ”.可知还是有很多国家的支持者，答案选A。 35.D从文中句子“ in China that Esperanto has had its greatest impact. ”可知答案选D。 大意：本文针对老师给学生的评分问题进行了讨论。 47.a higher grade根据第一段的倒数第二句可知，这个九年级的学生认为老师给他的分数比他预期的要低，也就是说，他认为美术老师应该给更高的分数。 48.0select the method of grading根据第二段的第二句话可知，老师在选择用何种方法来提高学生学习上有充分的自由。 49.improving根据第三段的内容可知，就算一个学生得了100分也并不意味着没有再进步的可能，他仍需继续努力学习，继续进步。 50.effort and accomplishment由第四段的内容可知，举Rembrandt绘画的例子只是为了证明“ effort does not equal accomplishment ”，也就是说，“ 努力 ”和“ 成绩 ”之间是有

区别的，二者不能划等号。 51.discuss his concerns根据最后一段最后一句话可知，题干只是将文中的原句变换了一种说法。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com