

2010年职称英语基础班补全短文解题技巧讲义职称英语考试  
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[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/645/2021\\_2022\\_2010\\_E5\\_B9\\_B4\\_E8\\_81\\_8C\\_c91\\_645755.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022_2010_E5_B9_B4_E8_81_8C_c91_645755.htm) 补全短文的解题技巧讲义 参

见66页 什么叫补全短文?就是给出一篇文章，文章中有5处空白，文章后面有6组文字，请根据文章的内容选择5组文字，将其分别放回文章原有位置，以恢复文章原貌。请将答案涂在答题卡相应的位置上。从A到F选项中找一个字最多的。

第5部分：补全短文(第4650题，每题2分，共10分) 阅读下面的短文，文章中有5处空白，文章后面有6组文字，请根据文章的内容选择5组文字，将其分别放回文章原有位置，以恢复文章原貌。请将答案涂在答题卡相应的位置上。补全短文的注意事项来源：[www.examda.com](http://www.examda.com) 1.补全短文的命题原则 2.补全短文的解题技巧

Home Schooling All children in the United States have to receive an education, but the law does not say they have to be educated at school. A number of parents prefer not to send their children to school..... (46). There are about 300,000 home-schoolers in the United States today. Some parents prefer teaching their children at home because they do not believe that public schools teach the correct religious values. Others believe they can provide a better educational experience for their children by teaching them at home. .... (47). David Guterson and his wife teach their three children at home. Guterson says that his children learn very differently from children in school..... (48). For example, when there is heavy snowfall on a winter day, it may start a discussion or reading about climate, snow removal equipment,

Alaska, polar bears, and winter tourism. Or a spring evening when the family is out watching the stars is a good time to ask questions about satellites and the space program..... (49). Home schooling is often more interesting than regular schools, but critics say that home-schoolers are outsiders who might be uncomfortable mixing with other people in adult life. .... (50). However, most parents don't have the time or the desire to teach their children at home, so schools will continue to be where most children get their formal education. A Interestingly, results show that home-schooled children quite often do better than average on national tests in reading and math. B Critics also say that most parents are not well qualified to teach their children. C Learning starts with the children's interests and questions D Children who are educated at home are known as "home-schoolers" E In some countries, there are children who are educated by their parents at home instead of by teachers at school. F If the Brazilian rain forests are on the TV news, it could be a perfect time to talk about how rain forests influence the climate, how deserts are formed, and how the polar ice caps affect ocean levels.

补全短文解题技巧：一、看标题定文体。从中文的角度思考有记叙文、说明文、议论文。记叙文中离不开六大要素。时间、地点、人物、事件。如果标题中的词在字典中没有，那就是专有名词。国家名词一般都有。机构或人名一般没有。如果没有，首段就会给下一个定义。 Ludwig Van Beethoven Ludwig van Beethoven, a major composer of the nineteenth century, overcame many personal problems to achieve artistic greatness. Born in Bonn, Germany, in 1770, he first studied music with the court

organist, Gilles van der Eeden. His father was excessively strict and given to heavy drinking. \_\_\_\_\_ (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Appointed deputy court organist to Christian Gottlob Neefe at a surprisingly early age in 1782, Beethoven also played the harpsichord and the viola. In 1792 he was sent to Vienna by his patron, Count Ferdinand Waldstein, to study music under Haydn. Beethoven remained unmarried. \_\_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_\_. Continually plagued by ill health, he developed an ear infection which led to his tragic deafness in 1819. \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_. He completed mature masterpieces of great musical depth: three piano sonatas, four string quartets, the Missa Solemnis, and the 9th Symphony. He died in 1827. \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_. Noting that Beethoven often flew into fits of rage, Goethe once said of him, “ I am astonished by his talent, but he is unfortunately an altogether untamed personality. ” \_\_\_\_\_ (5) \_\_\_\_\_. A. In spite of this handicap, however, he continued to write music. B. Because of irregular payments from his publishers and erratic support from his patrons, he was troubled by financial worries throughout his adult life. C. His life was marked by a passionate dedication to independence. D. When his mother died, Beethoven, then a young man, was named guardian of his two younger brothers. E. Although Beethoven ’ s personality may have been untamed, his music shows great discipline and control, and this is how we remember him best. F. Today his music is still being played all over the world. 一般而言第一长或第二长的往往都是答案。 说明文怎么办?说明文必须有说明的中心或说明的主题。 所叙述的东西都必须围绕主题阐述。 二、再看选项A到F 2.抓主干, 猜大意。 弄清它是啥东

西。如：for example,就要看它是不是例证。是不是举例。举例句的前一句肯定是中心主题句。举例后面的东西肯定会跟前面的有关系，有着联系。如果出现because...那就是所原因，是因果关系。如果出现but或however就是转折。前后正好相反。如果出现...is...就是判断句。判断句就是给这个词下定义。

2、不要放过特征词。比如：数字。选项中如果有数字了，那么可能空格周围就会有数字出现。年代只有在记叙文当中才有用。专有名词就是找复现。整篇文章和选项中多次出现的专有名词没用。如果是别的专有名词中没有的专有名词，那就要在文章空格的左右找复现。如果有就填进去。代词只要是代词就必须有指代。重点将两个词：I,We。如果文章不是以第一人称的进行写作的，选项中如果初现I和We时，它只能放在，只能出现在引号句中。如果整篇文章都是I和We就没有作用了。名词和名词短语，时态语态 如果文章全是用过去时写作的，突然选项中出现现在时了，那有一种情况就是文章该结尾了。还有一种情况可能是放在引号句中。

Ludwig Van Beethoven A. In spite of this handicap, however, he continued to write music. B. Because of irregular payments from his publishers and erratic support from his patrons, he was troubled by financial worries throughout his adult life. C. His life was marked by a passionate dedication to independence. D. When his mother died, Beethoven, then a young man, was named guardian of his two younger brothers. E. Although Beethoven ' s personality may have been untamed, his music shows great discipline and control, and this is how we remember him best. F. Today his music is still being played all over the world. 补全短文要求大家只用五分钟做完。那就首

先挑一最长的。剩下的就去找数字、I,We、专有名词复现等等。3、小词帮你出大力，时态帮你理顺序。标点解决大问题。小词：also 如果出现同结构的复现就好做了。比如：He said...,he also said... . He thinks about...,he also thinks about...

some...others ... 是句型的一种复现。 ... , either... 表示也不。

如：He is not a teacher, Im not a teacher ,either. still 标点引号句：选项中如果有引号句出现，空格周围可能会有引号句出现。

Reinventing the Table An earth scientist has rejigged the periodic table to make chemistry simpler to teach to students.

\_\_\_\_\_ (46)\_\_\_\_\_ But Bruce Railsback from the University of Georgia says he is the first to create a table that breaks with tradition and shows the ions of each element rather than just the elements themselves. “ I got tired of breaking my arms trying to explain the periodic table to earth students, ” he says, criss-crossing his hands in the air and pointing to different bits of a traditional table.

\_\_\_\_\_ (47)\_\_\_\_\_ But he has added contour lines to charge density, helping to explain which ions react with which. “ Geochemists just want an intuitive sense of what ’ s going on with the elements, ” says Albert Galy from the University of Cambridge \_\_\_\_\_ (48)\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ (49)\_\_\_\_\_ He explains that sulphur, for example, shows up in three different spots one for sulphide, which is found in minerals, one for sulphite, and one for sulphate, which is found in sea slat, for instance. He has also included symbols to show which ions are nutrients, and which are common in soil or water. \_\_\_\_\_ (50)\_\_\_\_\_

A There have been many attempts to redesign the periodic table since Dmitri Mendeleev drew it up in 1871. B Railsback has still

ordered the elements according to the number of protons they have. C “ I imagine this would be good for undergraduates. ” D Raisback has listed some elements more than once. E And the size of element ' s symbol reflects how much of it is found in the Earth ' s crust. F The traditional periodic table was well drawn. 出现引号句要一段落为主。哪一段出现引号句，就都出来。来源：考试大的美女编辑们 问号句：如果是一般疑问句1).可以去找排比句。2).找回答语。特殊疑问句如果使用What来问，它的回答语一般是名词或名词短语。一般很少是代词。如果是Why，回答语一般是原因。表原因的词有：because,because of或者是due to,owing to 特殊疑问句抓问句的主语和答语的主语。回答语的主语一般都是指代。 100Test 下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 [www.100test.com](http://www.100test.com)