2011年金融英语 (fect) 备考辅导,2011年金融英语试时间 PDF 转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022_2011_E5_B9_ B4_E9_87_91_c92_645016.htm 金融英语考试模拟练习题。密切 关注百考试题#0000ff>金融英语试题辅导中心,你将可以挖掘 到更多实用更实惠的金融辅导资料。 1. The velocity of money is determined by the central bank. True False 2. A multiple increase in GNP could result from an initial increase in the stock of money. True False 3. It is primarily the central bank that determines the size and the structure of MI, that is, how much of that total will be in demand deposits and how much in currency. True False 4. Money may be tight if the money supply grows at a faster rate than the demand for money. True False 5. Inflation is defined as an increase in the general level of prices for goods and services. True False 6. A provision for loan loss results in less net income for a bank on a banks income statement. True False 7 . One of the important factors leading to the growth of financial intermediaries has been the decreased cost of information and analysis of direct securities. True False 8. Financial intermediaries are financial institutions that issue claims against themselves and use the proceeds to acquire financial claims against others. True False 9 . Unlike commercial banks, other depository financial intermediaries do not have to be much concerned with excess withdrawals of their deposits since they do not have to pay on demand by a depositor. True False 10. An example of a non - depository financial intermediary is an insurance company. 来

True False 11. Bond market prices and interest rates are directly related. True False 12. In its open market operations, the Federal Reserve deals exclusively with commercial banks. True False 13. Investors of bonds are quite clear about the exact amount of cash they will get back, provided they hold these securities until maturity. True False 14. The stock price of a company is its value. True False 15. Buying a mutual fund based solely on its past

- performance is a good strategy . True False 16 . Return of an investment takes two forms : income and capital gain . True False 17 . Corporate bonds that include a call provision can be exchanged into common stocks of the company that has issued them . This exchange is made at a predetermined price . True False 18 . The return stockholders will receive on their investment will depend on future dividend payments and expected stock price appreciation
- . Their investment is risky , because future cash dividends are variable and capital gains are uncertain . True False 19 . Common stockholders get a fixed dividend and they are entitled to it before preferred stockholders receive any dividend . True False 20
- . Revenue bonds are usually of higher quality than general obligation bonds , because they are issued to finance specific projects and are fully backed by the income these projects will generate in the future . True False 21 . Financial innovation refers to the process that gives birth to new financial institutions , markets , and products . True False 22 . An important distinction between "direct" and "indirect" securities is that the former are issued by financial intermediaries while the latter are not . True False 23

. Inflation generally favors creditors at the expense of debtors . True False 24 . An asset that is readily convertible into cash is thereby highly liquid . True False 25 . If a bond is capitalized over a period greater than one year (one period) , it involves the calculation of compound interest . True False 相关阅读 : #0000ff>金融词汇累积 #0000ff>金融英语阅读辅导、了解世界金融动向 #0000ff>金融英语考试模拟练习题汇总 #0000ff>金融英语学习 - CharteredFinancialAnalyst(CFA)LevelIExam #0000ff>金融英语试题库:英语阅读理解(经济类) #0000ff>金融英语FECT模拟练习题汇总 更多信息请进:#0000ff>金融英语考试交流区!100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com