专八人文指导英国的国土与人民专四专八考试 PDF转换可能 丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/645/2021_2022__E4_B8_93_E 5_85_AB_E4_BA_BA_E6_c94_645166.htm 导读:今天一起来了 解一下英国的不同名称及其各组成部分。 Different Names for Britain and its Parts 英国的不同名称及其各组成部分 1. Geographical names: the British Isles, Great Britain and England. 地理名称:不列颠群岛,大不列颠和英格兰。 2.Official name: the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland. 官方正 式名称:大不列颠及北爱尔兰联合王国。 3.The British Isles are made up of two large islands-Great Britain (the larger one) and Ireland, and hundreds of small ones. 不列颠群岛由两个大岛-大不 列颠岛(较大的一个)和爱尔兰岛,及成千上万个小岛组成 4. Three political divisions on the island of Great Britain: England, Scotland and Wales. 大不列颠岛上有三个政治区:英格兰、苏 格兰和威尔士。 (1) England is in the southern part of Great Britain. It is the largest, most populous section. 英格兰位于大不列 颠岛南部,是最大,人口最稠密的地区。(2) Scotland is in the north of Great Britain. It has three natural zones (the Highlands in the north. the Central Iowlands. the south Uplands) Capital: Edinburgh 苏格兰位于大不列颠的北部。它有三大自然区:北 部高地,中部低地及南部山陵。首府:爱丁堡。(3) Wales is in the west of Great Britain. Capital: Cardiff 威尔士位于大不列颠 的西部。首府:加的夫 (4) Northern Ireland is the fourth region of the UK. Capital: Belfast. 北爱尔兰是英国第四个区域。首府: 贝尔法斯特。 5.The Commonwealth (of nations) is a free

association of independent countries that were once colonies of Britain. It was founded in 1931, and has 50 member countries until 1991. 英联邦是曾为英国殖民地的、但现已独立国家所构成的自由联合体。它成立于1931年,至1990年止已有50个成员国。相关阅读:专八人文辅导-过渡时期的英国专八人文指导-英国的形成专八人文指导-历史部分之英国起源专八人文地理-英国地理 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com