2010年6月英语四级阅读理解练习题及解析（8）英语四级考试 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／646／2021＿2022＿2010＿E5＿B9＿ B46＿E6＿9C＿c83＿646206．htm【阅读练习】Until the 1980s，the American homeless population comprised mainly older males． Today，homelessessstrikesmuch younger part of society．In fact，a 25 －city survey by the U．S．C onference of Mayorsin 1987 found that familieswith children make up the fastest growing part of the homelesspopulation．Many homelesschildren gather in inner cities thistransient（变化无常的）and frequently frightened student population createsadditional problems both legal and educational for aready overburdened urban school administratorsand teachers．百考试题论坛 Estimates of the number of homelessA mericans range from 350,000 to three million．Likewise，estimates of the number of homelessschool children vary radically．A U．S． Department of Education report，based on state estimates，statesthat there are 220，000 homelessschool－age children，about athird of whom do not attend school on aregular basis，But the National Coalition for the H omelessestimatesthat there are at least two times asmany homelesschildren，and that lessthan half of them attend school regularly．O ne part of the homeless population that is particularly difficult to count consistsof the＂throwaway＂youths who have been cast of their homes．The Elementary School Center in New York City estimatesthat there are 1.5 million of them，many of whom are not counted aschildren because they do not stay in family shelters and tend to live by themselveson the streets．Federal law，the

Stewart B．McKinney H omelessA ssistance Act of 1987，includesa section that addressesthe educational needs of homelesschildren． The educational provisionsof the McKinney Act are based on the belief that all homelesschildren have the right to afree，appropriate education． 1 It isimplied in the first paragraph that $\qquad$ ．A）the writer himself ishomeless，even in hiseightiesB）many older homeless residentsaregoing on strike in 25 citiesC）there isa serious shortage of academic facilitiesD）homelesschildren are denied the opportunity of receiving freeducation 2．The National Coalition for the homelessbelievesthat the number of homelesschildren is $\qquad$ ． A ） 350,000 B） $1,500,000 \mathrm{C}$ ） $440,000 \mathrm{D}) 110,0003$ ．O ne part of the homelesspopulation isdifficult to estimate．The reason might well be
$\qquad$ ．A）the homelesschildren are too young to becounted as children B）the homelesspopulation isgrowing rapidly C）the homelesschildren usually stay outside school D）somehomeless children are deserted by their families 4 ．TheMcKinney Act is mentioned in thispassage in order to show that $\qquad$ ．A）the educational problemsof homelesschildren are being recognized B） theestimateson homelesschildren are hard to determineC）the address of grade school children should be located D）all homeless people areentitled to free education 5．The passage mainly dealswith
$\qquad$ ．A）the legal problemsof the homelesschildren B）the educational problemsof homelesschildren C）the social statusof older malesD）estimateson the homelesspopulation 【答案及详解】答案：C C D A B 直到20世纪80年代，美国无家可归的人口主要包括的还是年龄较大的男性。现在，社会上年龄较小的

一些人也面临无家可归的威胁。的确，美国市长会议在1987年对 25 个城市进行了一项调查，结果表明，在无家可归的人口中，儿童的增长比例是最快的。许多无家可归的儿童都聚集在城市的中心地带。其中学龄儿童四处流浪，饱受惊吓。这给已经负担百考试题过重的城市教学和教学管理带来了许多额的外的麻烦，其中既涉及法律问题又涉及教育问题。美国无家可归的人口数量估计在 35 万到 300 万人之间。同样，无家可归的学龄儿童人数也无法做出准确的估计。一份根据各州估计数字而得出的美国教法的育部的报告指出，有 22 万无家可归的学龄儿童，其中约有三分之一没有按规定上学。然而国家关于无家可归人员的联盟会却估计，这样的儿童人数至少还应该多一倍，其中半数以上没有正常入学。有一部分无家可归的人口尤其难以统计，就是那些遭家庭遗弃的＂浪荡＂少年。据纽约小学中心估计，这样的人口有 150 万左右。其中还有许多小孩没有估计进去，因为这些小孩不呆在安全的家中，却往往独自在街头流浪。联邦法律（1987年斯图尔德 $100 T$ est下载频道开通，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www．100test．com

