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https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/646/2021_2022_2012_E8_81_ 8C E7 A7 B0 c91 646989.htm 为了帮助广大考生有效备 考2012年全国职称英语考试,小编整理了职称英语考试复习 资料,希望对您系统掌握2012年职称英语考试的重点内容, 顺利通过职称英语考试有所帮助。 In a purely competitive market, the supplier of goods and services has no control over the market price, because he produces too little to influence market conditions. With no difference between his products and the products ___1__ his competitors, he will sell nothing if he charges above the market price and he will sell all if he charges at or ___2_ the market price. However, in considering the price, he must take cost of production __3__. There are times when he may be willing to sell below his cost. This might happen when prices tumble for ___4_ a short time. However, no business person can ___5__ lose money for a prolonged period. He must ___6__ of his costs in relation to the market price if he is to compete successfully and earn a profit. Many people have the impression that as production increases, costs per unit decrease. ___7__ mass production has made this true in certain industries and at certain levels of production, ___8__ logic and practical experience have shown that costs per unit begin to rise beyond a certain level of production. Some economists ___9__ this principle as the law of increasing costs. The reason ___10___ rise as production goes up is complex. However, it is easy to recognize that as production goes up, the need for additional factors of production

will also grow, resulting ___11__ competitive bidding in the marketplace for the factors of production. If a producer needs ___12__ skilled labor to produce more, and none of this labor is unemployed, the producer will have to get ___13___ from other sources. This can be done by ___14__ higher wages. Higher bidding would also apply to the other factors of production. We must also recognize that not all labor is equally productive, ___15__ not all land is equally fertile and not all ore is equally rich in the mineral wanted. 1. A) to B) at C) of D) on 2. A) below B) beneath C) over D) above 3. A) to consider B) into consideration C) to consideration D) in consideration 4. A) he believes will be B) what he believes be C) what he believes will be D) he believes to be 5. A) afford to B) be affordable C) be afforded to D) have afforded 6. A) constantly aware B) constantly knowledgeable of C) be constantly aware of D) constantly aware of 7. A) Because B) Since C) When D) While 8. A) both B) as well as C) also D) but 9. A) refer B) refer to C) call D) are referred to 10. A) cost B) the cost C) the costs D) costs 11. A) from B) in C) \ D) for 12. A) less B) numerous C) more D) many 13. A) them B) these C) it D) those 14. A) offering B) cutting C) reducing D) having 15. A) as just B) just as C) because D) while KEYS: CABCA CDABD BCCAB 相关推荐: #0000ff>职称英语常用语 法详解汇总 #0000ff>2012年职称英语考试复习日程安排表 #0000ff>2012年职称英语考试复习教材 为了能够顺利查分,请 考生密切关注#0000ff>2011年3月职称英语考试成绩查询时间 , 百考试题祝大家顺利通过考试! 100Test 下载频道开通, 各 类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com