2010年考研英语阅读理解争议题解析(点点) 考研频道 PDF 转换可能丢失图片或格式,建议阅读原文 https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/647/2021_2022_2010_E5_B9_ B4_E8_80_83_c73_647860.htm 26. Business-method patents have recently aroused concern because of [A] their limited value to business [B] their connection with asset allocation [C] the possible restriction on their granting [D] the controversy over authorization 【其他答案】[D] the controversy over authorization 【点点答案 】[C] the possible restriction on their granting 【解析】问商业方 法专利最近由于什么引起了人们的关注。根据题干的recently 我们定位到原文第二段。Now the nations top patent court appears poised to scale back on business-method patents, which have been controversial ever since they were first authorized 10 years ago. 答案就在这句话中。我们来看,这句话的意思是:现在 美国顶尖的专利法院似乎谨慎地缩小商业方法专利,而这种 专利自从10年前被政府授权后就一直存在争议。 至于某机构 选择的[D] the controversy over authorization (对授权的争议), 从这句话的定语从句部分我们可以知道,这种争议已经长 达10年之久,而不是现在才引起人们的关注,因此是不能入 选的。我们选[C]the possible restriction on their granting(对他们 授权可能的限制),其中appear表示"看起来、似乎"= seem 替换选项中的possible(可能的).scale back(缩减)替换 restriction 27. Which of the following is true of the Bilski case? [A] Its ruling complies with the court decisions [B] It involves a very big business transaction [C] It has been dismissed by the Federal Circuit [D] It may change the legal practices in the U.S。【其它答案】[B] It

involves a very big business transaction 【点点答案】[D] It may change the legal practices in the U.S。【解析】此题问关于Bilski 案例下面哪一项是正确的。 思路一:根据题干中出现的Bilski case我们定位到文章第二段倒数第二句话(In re Bilski, as the case is known, is "a very big deal," says Dennis D. Crouch, a patent professor at the University of Missouri School of Law。)这句话是 密苏里大学法学院的一位专利学教授Dennis D. Crouch所说, "正如人们所知道的那样,这一案例是一件非常大的事情" ,注意,此处的deal表示的是"事情",而不是"(商业)交易 ,原文只是讲联邦巡回法院用这个特殊的案例(Bilski case) 对这种business-method patents进行广泛复审,即:将这件事情 搞的很大。 此题还有关键的一处在后边: " It has the potential to eliminate an entire class of patents ",即"可能整个消除这种 专利类别",大家注意, has the potential 语气为may(它们之间 是相互替换的).entire 表示强调,译为"整个的、全部的", 潜台词就是美国的法律实践可能会有重大变化,说明这个案 例可能会改变美国的法律实践!因此选[D]项。 思路二:文章 第四段也提到了对Bilski case这一案例的结论性总结,从这里 也能判断出选[D]。关键之处在于The Federal Circuit issued an unusual order stating that the case would be heard by all 12 of the courts judges, rather than a typical panel of three,...即,联邦巡回 法院发布了一项不同寻常的法令,stating为现在分词作后置定 语修饰order,对法令的内容做出了解释,后边是that引导的宾 语从句,这项不同寻常的法令表明了"原来由典型的3名法官 为一组进行听证,而现在却改为了12名法官听证",听证会 的法官人数变化很大,从这可以看出Bilski case是一件大事,

因为要不是一件大事的话,法官人数为什么要有很么巨大的 变动呢?注意这句话中的unusual与typical是对比词, "一项不 同寻常的法令"说明肯定和一般情况下(typical)的法令不再相 同.rather than " 而不是 " , 在句中也表示发生变化。因此 选[D]项。 至于某些机构选择的[B] It involves a very big business transaction,通过上面的分析,我们没有看出Bilski case涉及了 一项非常大的商业交易,误选B是对第二段中出现的"a very big deal理解错了,以为是用transaction替换了deal,实际上不是这 样,请见上述分析。 30. Which of the following would be the subject of the text? [A] A looming threat to business-method patents [B] Protection for business-method patent holders [C] A legal case regarding business-method patents [D] A prevailing threat against business-method patents 【其它答案】[D] A prevailing threat against business-method patents 【点点答案】[A] A looming threat to business-method patents 【解析】问本文的主题是什么 文章第一段先讲述了过去十年间的business-method patents对 人们的影响,举了亚马逊、美林公司和一个投资者的例子来 说明这种影响。第二段首句的Now很重要,第一段是讲过去 十年的事情,而现在出现了什么变化了呢?Now the nations top patent court appears poised to scale back on business-method patents. 即:现在美国顶尖的专利法院似乎要缩减这种商业方 法专利,下文又说联邦巡回法院对这种专利要进行广泛复审 ,而且用Bilski这个案例来说明It "has the potential to eliminate an entire class of patents."(可能整个消除这种专利类别)可以看出这 都是对business-method patents的一种潜在的威胁。因此我们 选[A] A looming threat to business-method patents(对商业方法专

利是一种潜在的威胁),从scale back和potential都可以看出是a looming threat,他们之间存在替换关系。 至于某些机构选择 的[D] A prevailing threat against business-method patents(反对商 业方法专利的一种流行的趋势)该选项prevailing一词用在这里 显然太过了,夸大了原文。37. According to the author, the rule changes of the FASB may results in _____ [A] the diminishing role of management [B] the revival of banking system [C] the banks long-term asset losses [D] the weakening of its independence 【其 它答案】[A] the diminishing role of management 【点点答案 】[D] the weakening of its independence独立地位的削弱 【解析 】题目问FASB规则的变化会带来什么后果。首先第三段 讲FASB匆忙改变规则(rushed through rule changes)的例子是为 了证明第二段中的the independence of standard-setters, ...is being compromised. 而选项D就是对此的替换表述。FASB= standard-setter。其次,第三段中交代的规则的变化就是在银 行游说奏效下(banks 'lobbying now seems to be working),银行 获得更多的自由和灵活性,而这也正说明FASB独立地位的削 弱。 至于某些机构选择的[A] the diminishing role of management是利用第三段部分词语的拼凑,文章说的是"这 些变化增强了judgment by management的使用",意思 为management 的使用rise了,改成the rising role of management 倒还讲得通。 39. The author thinks the banks were "on the wrong planet" in that they_____ [A] misinterpreted market price indicators [B] exaggerated the real value of their assets [C] neglected the likely existence of bad debts [D] denied booking losses in their sale of assets 【其它答案】[C] neglected the likely existence of bad

debts 【点点答案】[B] exaggerated the real value of their assets扩 大了资产的实际价值 【解析】题目问作者认为银行"on the wrong planet"是因为银行怎么样了。考查因果关系,题目很简 单:with后面的部分就解释了原因,在他们的帐户上高估 了(overvalue)资产的价值,[B] exaggerated the real value of their assets中exaggerate替换了overvalue。 至于某些机构选择的选 项[C] neglected the likely existence of bad debts,来源是they largely reflect the temporary illiquidity of markets, not the likely extent of bad debts,不过neglect与原文中的reflect, existence与 原文中的extent偷换概念,是大不一样的,绝对不能入选 Today they argue that market prices overstate losses, because they largely reflect the temporary illiquidity of markets, not the likely extent of bad debts。句子大意为如今,银行认为市场价格夸大 了损失,这是因为市场价格在很大程度上反映了市场暂时的 流动性不足,而不是可能的坏账幅度。并没有说明银行忽视 了可能存在坏账。 100Test 下载频道开通,各类考试题目直接 下载。详细请访问 www.100test.com