

职称英语语法辅导：引导让步状语从句 PDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文

[https://www.100test.com/kao\\_ti2020/647/2021\\_2022\\_E8\\_81\\_8C\\_E7\\_A7\\_B0\\_E8\\_8B\\_B1\\_E8\\_c91\\_647030.htm](https://www.100test.com/kao_ti2020/647/2021_2022_E8_81_8C_E7_A7_B0_E8_8B_B1_E8_c91_647030.htm) 状语从句指句子用作状语时，起副词作用的句子。它可以修饰谓语、非谓语动词、定语、状语或整个句子。根据其作用可分为时间、地点、原因、条件、目的、结果、让步、方式和比较等从句。状语从句一般由连词(从属连词)引导，也可以由词组引起。从句位于句首或句中时通常用逗号与主句隔开，位于句尾时可以不用逗号隔开。引导让步状语从句考点聚焦 (1) although 与though可以引导让步状语从句，不能与but连用，但可以与yet连用。 Although they are poor,(yet)they are warm-hearted. (2) even if或even though引导让步状语从句，表示“即使”，“纵然”，用来使人注意下文所强调内容的性质。 I ' ll get there even if(though)I have to sell my house to get enough money to go by air. (3) no matter后接上who、what、where、how等疑问词，也可以在这类疑问词后面加上ever构成whoever、whatever、wherever、however等。 Don ' t trust him, no matter what / whatever he says. Whoever breaks the law will be punished. No matter how hard the work is, you ' d better try to do it well. (4) as 也可以引导让步状语从句。要用倒装。 Child as(though)he is, he knows a lot. Much as I like it, I won ' t buy. Try as he would, he couldn ' t lift the heavy box. 相关推荐：  
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