Skillsfor the Reading ModulePDF转换可能丢失图片或格式，建议阅读原文
https／／www．100test．com／kao＿ti2020／8／2021＿2022＿Skills＿for＿c6＿89 18．htm O ne of the main difficultiesexperienced by studentsdoing the Reading Module isnot having enough time to complete the test． It is，therefore，essential to read both efficiently and effectively．T here are afew main skillsthat you will need in order to do well in the IELTSReading Module．It isuseful to use the following procedure for each text that isgiven．Previewing（about 2 minutesfor each passoge）（a）Study the passage by noting：titlesheadingsillustrations diagramsany print in bold type or italics（b）Study key partsof the passage by skimming．Read the first paragraph which often focuses on the main idea．The first sentence of each paragraph usually expressesthe key pointsof the paragraph．Generally，the concluding paragraph providesasummary of the given passge．You may wish to highlight theee with a pen．Interpreting the instructionsand questions（about 2 minutes）Read each word in the instructions carefully and ensure that you understand exactly what isrequired and in what form．For example，the instructionsmay say，Choose no more than three wordsfrom the passege for each answer．In this situation，it would not be acceptable to write four or morewords． Often studentsfind the right answer but present it in the wrong form and，unfortunately，do not score any marksfor that answer． Understanding what isrequired，therefore，isjust asimportant as finding the right answer in the passoge．W hen you are looking at the questions，you need to recognise：what type of question you have to
answer (isit gap- filling, multiple choice, matching information, etc?) whether or not the question requiresa specific or general answer what form the answer should take (isit anumber, date, reason, etc? Scanning the text for specific answers( about 1 minute per question)U æyour time wisely. Spend no longer than one minute on finding each answer. O nly look in the given text, table, diagram or graph for the answer required. Locate key wordsin the question and find them, or synonymsfor them, in the text. The sentencesaround these wordsare most likely to contain the answersyou need.If you are still unsure of the answer after you have spent approximately one minute on the question, make asensibleguess in the appropriate form. You may wish to mark the answersyou are unsure of in some way so that, if you do havetime at the end of the Reading Module, you can check theæe answersagain.Checkingyour answers( about 3 minutes)After you have completed your answersfor each section, you need to check them. Check that you have followed the instructionsexactly. If you have time, return to the answersyou marked becauce you were unsure and æe if the answersyou have given are the best onesDo not leave any answersblank asyou do not lose marksfor incorrect answers.H elpful hintsfor the Practice Reading ModuleT here may be some words in the passage with which you are unfamiliar. Usethe strategiesexplained in the section, W orking out unfamiliar vocabulary to help you work out the meanings of theee words Be aware of the uæe of connective words These will help you with the general meaning of the text. If you are unsure of any answers, check the table of common connective
words. Note if there is aglossary accompanying the passage. Follow the instructionscarefully. A correct responæ will be marked wrong if it iswritten in the wrong form. W orking out unfamiliar vocabularyW hen reading a passoge in the IELTStest, it ismost likely that you will come across wordswith which you are unfamiliar. Be prepared for this. You may not need to understand the exact meaning of an unknown word, unless there is a question directly related to it.If you do need to know the meaning of an unfamiliar word, dont panic. There are various strategies that you can uæe to work out the meaning of the unknown wordsC heck the contextA re there any cluesin the surrounding wordsor phraes?Look particularly at the wordsjust before and just after the unfamiliar wordsLook for adefinitionSometimesthe writersrealiæ that the word isan uncommon one so they define, restate, explain or give an example of it. W ordsthat signal meaning often include is, means, refersto, that is, consistsof. For example, Snoring isanoise generated by vibration sof the soft partsof the throat during seep. The word issignalsadefinition.Remember, too, to check if there isa glossary.Identify the wordsplace and purposesit anoun, adjective, verb or adverb in the sentence? A re there any punctuation clues, for example, semicolonsor question marks? ook for connective wordst hey are often near the unknown wordsand will usually help to identify the general direction of the argument which will help to give some understanding of the unknown word. Break the word down into s/llablessometimesknowledge of common roots, affixes and possiblesimilarity of wordsin your own language can help you
to identify the meaning．T reat the unknown word asan algebraic entity XO bserve the relationship of the unknown word，$X$ ，to other wordsand conceptswith which you are morefamiliar．O ften thisis enough to answer questionsthat includeX．100T est 下载频道开通 ，各类考试题目直接下载。详细请访问 www．100test．com

